The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,223 New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1884.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	FRIDAY.
L. Cathay	2853	500	T. Fairlough	21st Nov.
— Assam	3038	500	S. F. Cole	28th "
L. Parramatta	4769	900	C. Gadd	5th Dec.
M. Pekin	2000	600	A. Symons	12th "
L. Malwa	2269	500	A. W. Adamson	19th "
— Gwalior	2753	500	P. Harris	26th "
				1885.
L. Rosetta	3362	700	G. W. Brady	2nd Jan.
M. Venetia	2776	500	A. B. Parnell	9th "
L. Massilia	1971	1000	S. D. Shaddard	16th "

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta, and those marked M via Marseilles. By the latter passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	On	1884.
PESHAWUR	3000	600	J. C. Babot	28th	Nov.
TASMANIA	4808	800	G. Perrius	12th	Dec.
HYDASPES	2264	500	G. Scrivener	26th	"

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, Nov. 6, 1884.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON viâ Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return-tickets available for three and six months. Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel 1st class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the Monsoon). The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 27 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or viâ Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent:—
First Class Rs. 680. Second Class Rs. 370.

Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, Oct. 13, 1884.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.

SOCIETA RIUNITA FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail Steamers leave Genoa on the 1st or some month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, and SICILY; NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 20th or every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy and Marseilles, Rs. 300, Rs. 340, Rs. 180, for First, Second, and Third Class respectively, inclusive of Wine, Bedding are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Fractions will be allowed liberal discount.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the weight allowed in the Steamboats.

A discount of 15, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months respectively from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

	Tons. H.P.		
ABYSSINIA	3,500	500	on Monday, 1st Dec. 1884.
GIAVA	3,500	500	on Thursday 1st Jan. 1885.

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days, to London viâ Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars, apply to

F. BOZZONI, Agent.
Custom House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Sept. 1, 1884.
* No second class accommodation.

MESSAGERIES NATIONALES DE NAVIGATION.

REGULAR MONTHLY STEAMERS TO MARSEILLES.

THE new first-class steamer [illegible] will leave Bombay [illegible] November.

RATES OF PASSAGE [illegible]
First class to Marseilles, Rs. 500, including wine.
Children under 3 years, free. Under 10 years, half fare.
The Railway fares from Marseilles to London are as follows:—
Viâ Calais and Dover (Mail)..... 1st class
Viâ Dieppe..... 1st class
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered free of charge to the extent allowed by the [illegible].
For further particulars, apply to

KALLI BROTHERS,
Agents.
Bombay, 20th October, 1884.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE, VIA CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail	1884.
ME USA	G. Ragusin	3,000	550	25th	Nov.
TITANIA	G. Doncich	1,000	600	28th	Dec.
PANDORA	G. Mettel	2,000	560	29th	"
					1885.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wines supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 1st and BRINDISI on the 3rd of each month.

The Company's steam launch will be in attendance at the Apollo-bunder on the day of sailing to convey passengers and their luggage to the steamer, free of charge.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail	1884.
PANDORA	G. Mettel	3,500	550	28th	Nov.

STEAM TO COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.	
VICTORIA	F. Eagle	2,250	450	19th	Dec.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Mansion House, 30, Church-gate-street, Bombay, Oct. 3, 1884.

CLAN LINE STEAMERS.

THE following sailings have been arranged:—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

	Tons.	Comdr	About
CLAN SINCLAIR	3,000	C. E. Darley	2nd Dec.
CLAN DRUMMOND	3,000	H. L. Wilson	12th do.
CLAN MACARTHUR	1,000	J. Inde	22nd do.
CLAN OGILVIE	2,500	G. Nelson	2nd Jan.
CLAN MURRAY	2,100	E. Wyeth	12th do.

To be followed by other first-class steamers at regular intervals.

Each steamer carries a properly qualified Surgeon and Stewardess, and Wines can be had on board at moderate prices.

The steamers have splendid accommodation for first-class passengers.

Passage Money, Rs. 400.

For further particulars, apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.

S. S. CHINA has arrived from London and is discharging at Prince's Dock. Consignees are requested to present their BILLS OF LADING for our countersignature to TAKE DELIVERY of their goods.

Steamers alongside without delay to take cargo exceeding in weight 30 cwts., they will do so at the risk and expense of the owners. Hatches are landed at the Dock Warehouses. All damaged goods must be seen by the Surveyor, Captain Dixon, in the Docks before removal from the Dock premises. China leaves port.

Specie, &c., &c. Should be presented in time, and no claims will be paid after the Captain.

For freight, apply to MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 1884.

NOTICE.

THE Temporary Establishment of Executive Engineer, Kaira and Panch Mahals, sanctioned OVERSEER with a salary of Rs. 75, Pay Rs. 15 per mensem, is reported vacant. Apply to the EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited)

intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "BOOLDANA," 2,823 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 19th November, 1884, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on MONDAY, 17th November, 1884, at 11 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwader, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao and Muscat, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "MECCA," 1,450 tons, on 4th December, 1884.

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "EUPHRATES," 803 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 19th November, 1884, at noon, calling (weather permitting) at Verawal, Mangarole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandavie.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 2nd October, 1884. Agents.

HOMEWARD PASSENGERS.

PASSAGES SECURED by P. & O. and other Steamers, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED, including Rail and Steamer, available from BOMBAY, CALCUTTA and any principal Railway Station in India, to all parts of the Globe.

THROUGH BOOKINGS to LONDON by ANY ROUTE across the Continent, and every assistance rendered to passengers with COOK'S TICKETS by their Interpreters at Brindisi, Venice, Naples, Marseilles, Turin, Paris, &c.

Pamphlet of Routes, quotations, and full particulars sent free on application.

Address, THOMAS COOK & SON,
BOMBAY: 17, HORNBY ROW;
CALCUTTA: 10½, Old Court House Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUPARI OR BETEL-NUT TOOTH PASTE.

AN elegant and efficient PREPARATION, made from the fresh BETEL-NUT. Combining all the essentials of a good DENTIFRICE it cleanses and preserves the teeth, strengthens the gums, and imparts a delightful freshness to the mouth and fragrance to the breath.

Per jar, suitable for the toilet table, Re. 1-4.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

VETERINARY MEDICINES, &c.

	Rs. a.
TREACHER'S ALTERATIVE Condition Powders per bottle	1 12
Condition Cough, Fever, Cordial, Diuretic, Physic, and other Balls made to order.	
TREACHER'S MANGE OINTMENT per bottle	1 8
Clarke's Hopleumuroma.	
Clarke's Neurasthenippon skelesterizo.	
Cupiss's Constitution Horse Balls.	
Ehlman's Embrocation for Cattle.	
Gemant's Liniment for Horses.	
James's Blistering Ointment.	
Leeming's Essence for Lameness.	
Steven's Iodine Ointment.	
Taylor's Condition Balls.	
Naldire's Dog Soap.	
" Worm Powders.	
Blaine's Distemper Powders.	
Calvert's Carbone Dog Soap.	

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS.

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK IN INDIA

EVERY ARTICLE OF SUPERIOR AND UNIFORM QUALITY.

Sliding-body Cameras.
Bellows-body Cameras.
Hexagular Cameras.
Scenograph Portable Cameras.
Camera Stands.
Portrait and View Lenses.
Portable Tents.
Printing Frames.
Plate Boxes.
Developing Stands.
Baths and Dippers.
Dishes and Trays.
Glass Plates & Cutting
Collodion Bottles and Filters.
Rolling & Burnishing Machines.
Camel Presses and Dies.
Head Rests, Back Grounds.
Albumenized Papers, Collodions.
Gold, Silver, and Chemicals.
Varnishes, Card Mounts, &c.

THE importance of purity in Photographic Chemicals must suggest itself to all. Our imported have for the past half century been acknowledged as PRACTICALLY PURE, THOROUGHLY RELIABLE, and of UNIFORM STRENGTH AND CHARACTER. Commercial samples (as met with in Indian bazaars), though perhaps unadulterated in the strict sense of the term, are not always to be depended upon as they are liable to be contaminated with other matter which will unfavourably affect results when operating.

DETAILED PRICE LISTS FREE ON APPLICATION

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£2,000,000 STERLING.

TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS, invested in the best and safest securities, now amount to

£4,842,654 14s. 3d. STERLING.

FIRE BRANCH.

POLICIES covering risks on MERCHANDISE, BUILDINGS, SPINNING MILLS, COTTON AND JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS, BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS, AND CLUBS, both in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favourable terms. COALS on the BUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

Fire Premiums for 1882 ..... £390,620
" 1883 ..... £944,2

LIFE BRANCH.

POLICIES granted by the UNDERSIGNED without reference to Head Office on APPROVED LIVES. MILITARY LIVES in CIVIL employ have extra premium returned.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES, payable at fixed periods or at death, and children on very favourable terms.

LAST REVERSIONARY BONUS 7½ per cent.

REDUCTION TO EUROPEAN rates, when assured leave either Alexandria or Port Said.

Accumulated LIFE FUNDS now amount to £2,878,159

GROWTH OF FUNDS.

1867	£1,898,941 17 2	1877	£2,368,042 19
1872	£2,318,211 14 9	1882	£3,342,034 15

THOS. H. MOORE & Co.,
Agents Royal Insurance Company
6, Hummum treet.

ST. MARGARET'S HALL, BOURNEMOUTH, England.—Misses EDMUNDS receive Gentlemen's daughters for Complete Education. First class professors and resident foreign governesses. Full success in the Local Examinations. References kindly permitted to the Right Hon. H. FAWCETT, Postmaster General, JOHN ELPHINSTONE, Esq., Bombay Civil Service, and Dr. GEO. SINCLAIR, Roorkee.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

THE undersigned is prepared to receive TENDERS up to noon, 32nd inst., on TUESDAY, the 25th instant, for the LOADING, UNLOADING and STACKING of TIMBER and MATERIALS, including the SHUNTING and MARSHALLING of WAGONS at the Company's General Stores Depôt, at Parel, for one or three years from 1st January next.

2. A deposit of Rs. [illegible] will be required for the due performance of the contract.

3. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

T. W. WOOD, Agent.
General Offices, Fort, Bombay, 7th November, 1884.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

THE undersigned is prepared to receive TENDERS up to noon, 22nd inst., on TUESDAY, the 25th instant, for the SUPPLY of SALAD OILS and STATIONERY required to be purchased locally by this Company. The first two Contracts will be for one year and the last for one or three years from 1st January next.

2. Particulars of the supplies estimated to be so required, with forms and conditions on which only tenders will be considered, may be obtained from this Company's General Storekeeper, Colaba, on and after the 14th instant.

3. The undersigned is to be at liberty to select any one or more items from any tender without reference to the other items on the same tender, and the tenderer shall be bound to supply the same at the rates.

4. A deposit of one thousand rupees will be required for the due performance of each contract.

5. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

T. W. WOOD, Agent.
General Offices, Fort, Bombay, 7th November, 1884.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S FAMED HEART-LABELLED SPIRIS.

TREACHER AND CO. have the utmost confidence in recommending these choice spirits; in purity, quality and excellence, they are unsurpassed by any brand in India.

			Cash per doz. Rs. as.
TREACHER'S	Invalid BRANDY, ****	specially adapted for medical use	54 0
TREACHER'S	Fine Old Pale BRANDY, ***	soft and delicate, much appreciated	33 0
TREACHER'S	Old Pale BRANDY, **	a very choice and matured spirit	30 0
TREACHER'S	Pale BRANDY, *	a sound and good peg Brandy	26 0
TREACHER'S	Glenlivet WHISKY,	a blend of the finest Original	22 8
	HIGHLAND WHISKEYS	of a particularly delicate aroma and flavour	
TREACHER'S	Fine Old Irish WHISKY,	soft and mellow	22 8
TREACHER'S	Superior Old HOLLANDS,	a pure wholesome spirit	15 0
TREACHER'S	Dry Plymouth GIN,	very palatable flavour	20 0
TREACHER'S	Dry unsweetened GIN,	very superior	18 0
TREACHER'S	Sweetened Old Tom GIN,	high quality and delicate flavour	17 0
TREACHER'S	Finest Old Jamaica RUM	very old and fine	22 8

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

PRESENTATION CLOCKS.

MESSRS. FAVRE-LEUBA and Co. have much pleasure to inform their numerous customers that they have just received a large supply of

PALANQUIN OR CARRIAGE CLOCKS
of the newest and most elegant designs.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH MARBLE CLOCKS.
A collection unequalled in India.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH FANCY CLOCKS.
Elegant, Fashionable, Useful.

All the above have been chosen by our Manager personally from the best manufactories of Paris and London, and intending purchasers will find with us a rare choice. The prices will be found to compare favorably with those of the best firms at home, while in quality they are at least of same standing.

Each clock is guaranteed for a term of 2 years. Carriage and Fancy clocks are fitted in a strong, well finished Morocco Case.

Nothing could be more appreciated and suitable for

WEDDING PRESENTS AND BIRTHDAY GIFTS.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

GRAND SQUARE SYMPATHETIC PIANOS,

MANUFACTURED TO ORDER, EXPRESSLY FOR INDIA, BY

R. LIPP & SON OF STUTTGART

FURTHER SHIPMENT JUST TO HAND.

Price Rs. 600, Nett Cash.

Packing in tin lined case Rs. 25.

GUARANTEED TO WITHSTAND THE SEVEREST TEST OF CLIMATE.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

FERRINTOSH WHISKY.

WE are assured by connoisseurs that this Scotch Whisky has not its equal AT THE PRICE in India, and it is now the favourite in numerous Messe Hotels, &c.

Rs. 22-8 per dozen.

FINE OLD COGNAC.

A GENEROUS and well-matured spirit which will compare favourably with the most expensive brands in the market.

Price per dozen, Rs. 29-8.

B. PHILLIPS & CO.,
WINE AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

TEMPLE HOUSE, POONA, and CHURCH-GATE-STREET, BOMBAY.

AERATED WATER.

BAKER'S HIGH PRESSURE FILTER, USED.

		Rs.	a.	p.
SODAWATER	per doz.	0	12	0
LEMONADE	"	1	0	0
TONIC	"	1	0	0
GINGERADE	"	1	0	0
RASPBERRY	"	1	0	0
ROYAL AROMATIC GINGER ALE	"	1	8	0
ORDINARY EMPTY SODAWATER BOTTLES	"	2	0	0
IF REQUIRED IN CHAMPAGNE PINTS FOR EMPTIES	"	0	8	0

REDUCED RATES TO CLUBS, SHIPPING AND HOTELS.

WILLIAM J. ESSAI,
THE BOMBAY PURVEYING AND GENERAL PROVISION CASH STORES
FORBES-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES.—Cumballa Hill and Esplanade Cross Road.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN AND COMPANY, LD.

LATE ALCOCK, ASHDOWN AND COMPANY

ENGINEERS, BOILERMAKERS, SHIP & MILL WRIGHTS, IRON-FOUNDERS, AND CONTRACTORS,

MANUFACTURERS of every description of Wrought and Cast Iron Work. Importers of all classes of Machinery. Sole Agents for the celebrated "Valvoline" Cylinder and Machine Oil. Plans and Estimates supplied on application.

WE have always ON SALE Fire Bricks and Clay, Patent Linen Belting and Fasteners Alimentative Compound, Seamless Flax Hose, Asbestos Packing, Millboard and Cement, Diamond and Silver Steel, Spring Steel, and Engineer's Requisites of all kinds.

WORKS AND OFFICES:—MAZAGON.
ALCOCK, ASHDOWN AND HEPWORTH,
Secretaries and Managers.

CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION

THREE PRIZE MEDALS AND THREE DIPLOMAS were awarded to

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,
WATCH-MANUFACTURERS, GOLDSMITHS, OPTICIANS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

FOR Rs. 200 NET CASH they will send

Free by post, to any part of India, carefully packed,

A FIRST-RATE KEYLESS LEVER HUNTING WATCH in HEAVY 18-CARAT GOLD engine turned or plain case, with full jewelled movement, finest lever escapement, breguet hair spring and chronometer balance wheel, in polished walnut case, with spare glass and mainspring, and a three years stamped guarantee.

Or in stout crystal fronted 18-CARAT GOLD case at Rs. 175, net cash.

C. MARCKS & CO.,
OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER, BOMBAY.

KERR'S PATENT PORTABLE RAILWAY.

LOCOMOTIVES, WAGONS, TURNTABLES, &c., &c.

ESTIMATES furnished, and contracts undertaken for laying lines complete, including the supply of all Permanent Way Material and Rolling Stock.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND LICENCEES,

DICK KERR AND CO.,
LONDON AND GLASGOW.

Catalogues, Prices and full particulars on application to

JOHN FLEMING & CO.,
Bombay, 1st November, 1884. Agents.

SUPERIOR HOAR & Co.'s "EXTRA LIGHT." FELT HATS.

ALL "THE LATEST SHAPES."

Black, Drab or Brown, Extra Light, and good Colour	Rs. 7-0, 9-8, 10-8
Special Shapes, suitable for Tall Men	10-8 to 12-8
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Helmets, a large variety of new Shapes	10-0 to 18-0
Fancy Pugrees, a very large Choice	2-8 to 15-0

CASH DISCOUNT—2 Annas in the Rupee *(equal to 12½ per cent.)*

HOAR & CO., HATTERS, Opposite the ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

PORTABLE CAMP STRETCHER BEDSTEADS.

ASQUITH AND LORD have received a fresh consignment of the above, and can strongly recommend them to gentlemen CAMPING out for their great STRENGTH and PORTABILITY. When open, they measure 6'-6" by 2'-4" and, when closed, fit into a strong canvas bag 3 ft. by 1 ft. by 3 inches. They are of the best and strongest description only.

Price, Rs. 45,

ASQUITH & LORD,
THE WELL-KNOWN OUTFITTERS,
BOMBAY.

HOUSES TO BE LET.

TO BE LET, from 1st December next, for a year certain, a very desirable BUNGALOW, in Marine Lines, on the west side facing the Sea, with a very large compound. For rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

TO LET, for about four weeks, with immediate possession, a small well furnished BUNGALOW on Malabar Hill. For rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
3, Hornby row, Fort. House Agent.

TO BE LET, from about February next, TOP FLOOR of one of the magnificent residences on the Esplanade, together with kitchen and outhouses. For rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row, Fort. House Agent.

TO LET, with immediate possession, a very desirable BUNGALOW, known as the Mahableshwar, with a detached house on Pender-road, formerly in the occupation of the late Mr. John Marriott, Acting Advocate General, and lately in the occupation of C. P. Cooper, Esq., Chief Presidency Magistrate. For rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row, Fort. House Agent.

TO LET, from 1st December next, the very desirable BUNGALOW on the Ridge, now in the occupation of Surgeon Major Hoyel. For rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row, Fort. House Agent.

TO LET, the upper-storied newly-built BUNGALOW on the Ridge, nearly opposite to Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., C.S.I. For rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row, Fort. House Agent.

TO BE LET, an upper-storied BUNGALOW in Grant-road, next to the Grant-road station. Rent only Rs. 100. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row, Fort. House Agent.

THE WILDERNESS on Malabar Hill could be let furnished or unfurnished. For particulars, apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row, Fort. House Agent.

TO BE LET, two very desirable FLOORS in Rampart Row, opposite to Watson's Esplanade Hotel. Rents 225, 175 and 125. Could be used as Residence. Also two minor FLOORS in Hornby Row, facing the Sea. Rents Rs. 40 and 90. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row, Fort. House Agent.

A VERY desirable TOP FOOR opposite to the present new High Court. Could be used as a Residence. Rent Rs. 125. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row, Fort. House Agent.

TO BE LET, a lower roomed BUNGALOW in Lower Colaba. Rent Rs. 60. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row, Fort. House Agent.

TO BE LET, the very desirable BUNGALOW at the foot of Barrakes Hill on Malabar Hill, next, opposite to Hon. Justice Jackson, and lately occupied by G. Mathews, Esq. Rent Rs. 150. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row, Fort. House Agent.

TO BE LET, also another small BUNGALOW, just below the residence of the Hon. Justice Jackson. Rent only Rs. 75. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row, Fort. House Agent.

A VERY desirable upper-storied BUNGALOW in Mazagon (behind the Parsi Bagh). Rent Rs. 100. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row, Fort. House Agent.

TO LET, a very desirable upper-storied BUNGALOW, next door to J. Westlake, Esq. Rent Rs. 240. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row, Fort. House Agent.

SURAT CITY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE

WANTED an OVERSEER for the Surat City Municipality for one year. Salary, Rs. 60 per mensem. Applications with testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 25th instant.

NASIR MIAN B. SHAIK,
Secy., Surat City Municipality.

NOTICES.

INDIAN XMAS CARDS.

SIX different designs of INDIAN Views and Scenes, decorated with INDIAN Plants, etc., by an eminent artist, and beautifully executed in the highest style of Chromoprint by one of the greatest firms in Europe, especially suited for sending home. Price of each Card, with envelope, Re. 1-4; 12 Cards for Rs. 9, post free. 6 Cards for Rs. 5, post-free.

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BOMBAY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE GUARANTEE BOND is now lying in the office of the CHAMBER OF COMMERCE for SIGNATURE, and the President will be glad if gentlemen, who can make it convenient, will kindly call and sign as early as possible.

F. FORBES ADAM,
President.
Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, 9th October, 1884.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.
ESTABLISHED 1782.

POLICIES covering risks on Merchandise, Buildings, Spinning Mills, Cotton and Jute Presses, Shops, Bungalows, Household Furniture, Hotels and Clubs, both in Bombay and in the Mofussil, granted at ruling tariff rates.

JOHN CAMPBELL & Co.,
19, Church-gate-street. Agents.

S. NICOLAS MISSION TO SEAMEN,
BOMBAY HARBOUR.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are earnestly solicited towards DEFRAYING the DEBT in the mission's church; funds are also needed to carry on the work amongst "Our Sailors." Subscriptions, supplies of old books, papers, periodicals, for distribution, and clothes for the destitute, will be gladly acknowledged by the Harbour Chaplain, and may be sent moreover to

Rev. W. G. H. ELLISON,
Care of Capt. Russell, Prince's Dock, Bombay.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

SUNDAY SERVICES, 16th NOVEMBER.

DEAN LANE HALL:—
11 a.m.—Rev. John F. Hurst, D.D., LL.D., Bishop, M. E. Church.
6 p.m.—Rev. Dennis Osborne.

METHODIST CHURCH, Grant-road—
8-30 a.m.—Rev. Dennis Osborne.
6 p.m.—Bishop Hurst.

A collection in aid of the Fund for Widows and Orphans of Ministers in South India Conference will be taken at the last service.

WANTED.

THE following temporary Establishment for the reconstruction of Merumpoya and Irritty Bridge, North Malabar, for 8 months.

A qualified ASSISTANT ENGINEER, must have experience in Bridge construction, well-sinking, and erecting Iron Works. Salary, Rs. 300 with Rs. 5 daily allowance.

Two BRIDGE INSPECTORS. Good masonry men accustomed to well-sinking and erecting Iron work, need only apply. Salary, Rs. 150 each per mensem.

Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 25th November, 1884.

Apply with copies of Testimonials to
LOCAL FUND DISTRICT ENGINEER,
Malabar.

ANTWERP AND LONDON EXHIBITIONS.

COMMITTEE.
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THE HONORABLE F. FORBES ADAM.
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Dr. D. MACDONALD, M. D., H.M., Esq.
SECRETARY:
J. GRIFFITHS, Esq.

WITH a view to ensuring an adequate representation of the Natural Products and Arts and Wares of the Bombay Presidency at the Exhibition to be opened at Antwerp on 1st May, 1885, the Committee will be glad to receive contributions of Fabrics of all descriptions, Jewellery, Pottery, Wood carving, Metal-work Ethnological Specimens, &c. &c. &c., in order that the same may be forwarded to Antwerp.

The Committee undertake the charge from Bombay to Antwerp of all Exhibits and will pay freight, insurance, and expenses incurred in transmitting those to the Exhibition.

All articles intended to be returned will be brought back at the expense of Government.

All articles intended for sale must be marked with price of sale.

Particulars as to the description of articles wanted can be ascertained by application to the Secretary, and all articles ready packed may be sent with duplicate lists of the contents of each package to the secretary, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, and labelled Antwerp Exhibition.

The name and address of the exhibitor, the name, description and price of each article should be sent to the Secretary not later than 1st February, 1885.

All packages must be delivered by the 1st February 1885, after which date no articles will be received.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRAMJEE COWASJEE INSTITUTE.

THE GREAT EVENTS
Will arrive by the next P. & O. Steamer
FROM AUSTRALIA
FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY.
RETURN OF
THE, BOMBAY FAVOURITES,
The renowned and only
HUDSON'S
HUDSON'S
SURPRISE PARTY SURPRISE PARTY,
SURPRISE PARTY SURPRISE PARTY,
THE DONATORS OF FOOTLIGHT FUN.
An Entertainment for Variety, Originality, and Refinement without Parellel.
GLORIOUS, UPROARIOUS, AND BOISTEROUS FUN
MISSES ADA MAVEN. NELLIE HARLEY.
MAY MELVILLE. FLORIE DE GREY.
OSCAR SMITH. VICTOR REMLY.
TOM HUDSON
Will eventuate with a flood of new Features, and a host of novelties.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Rs. 3, Rs. 2, Rs. 1, and 8 annas.
Plan of reserved seats at SOUNDY'S.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.
FARE, Rs. 450.

THE S.S. RYDAL HALL, 2,702 tons, 400 H. P., will sail as above about the 15th December, 1884. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.
EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s.s. CLAN MUNROE, ARRIVED from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, are hereby requested to present their Bills of Lading for our countersignature, and to take delivery of their respective goods from the Prince's Dock.
The steamers Surveyor, Captain Clark, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be selected before the goods are removed from the landing sheds. After removal from the landing sheds the steamers will not be responsible for any damage whatever.
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Bombay, 13th November, 1884. Agents.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.
TEAK LOG TIMBER.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of 100 tons of MOULMEIN TEAK SQUARE LOGS not less than 15 inches square and 30 feet long, delivered at the Company's Locomotive Depôt, Parel, Bombay, at the rate said on the conditions given in the specification.
The specification and forms of Tender may be obtained on application at the Storekeeper's office, Parel.
Tenders must be sealed and endorsed "Tender for Teak Timber," and delivered at the Company's Offices, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, by 1 p.m. (gundfire), on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, after which hour no tender will be received.
Tenders will not be received unless accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes.
The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 11th November, 1884.

NOTICE.
ALL PERSONS having claims upon or against the Estate of ADAM ROBERT GORDON, late a Government Pensioner, and formerly Assistant Commissioner of Paper Currency Bombay, who died at Matheran on the 7th day of November, 1884, are hereby required to send particulars of their claims to the Undersigned, who is the holder of a Certificate under Section 36 of Act 2 of 1874, at the undermentioned address, within one month from the date of this advertisement, at the expiration of which period no further claim will be entertained, and the Administrator will proceed to distribute the assests, and wind up the estate without reference to any claim of which he shall not then have had Notice.
All persons indebted to the deceased or having property in their hands are hereby required forthwith to pay their debts or hand over such property to the Undersigned.
ROBERT LISH GORDON,
Administrator,
Victoria Cross-Road, Byculla, Bombay, dated the 15th day of November, 1884.

NOTICE
IS hereby given that the ANNUAL AUCTION SALES of TIMBER in the above that Depots of Kanara will take place as under:—
1. The sale of 11,620 khandis of Teak, 293 khandis of Blackwood, and 321 khandis of Jungle wood, at the Haliyal Depôt, will commence on MONDAY, the 8th December, 1884.
2. The sale of 795 khandis of Teak, 32 khandis of Blackwood, and 324 khandis of Jungle wood at the Kanigeri and other branch depots in the Yellapur Taluka, will commence on TUESDAY, the 6th January, 1885.
3. The sale of 1,112 khandis of Teak and 933 khandis of Jungle wood at the Singanhalli Depôt, near Ahmedabad, will commence on THURSDAY, the 15th January, 1885.
2. For particulars of the first sale apply to the Divisional Forest Officer, Haliyal, of the second to the Divisional Forest Officer, Yellapur, and of the third to the Divisional Forest Officer, Sirsi.
3. It is probable that the Eastern Deccan Railway between Hoobli and the G. I. P. Station at Hoodgi will be open to traffic by the 1st February next. Average distance between Hubli and the timber Depots, 25 miles and over good roads.
W. PEYTON, Colonel,
Conservator of Forests, S. C.
Conservator's Office, S. C., Camp Yellapur, 11th Nov., 1884.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
BHOPAL STATE RAILWAY.
OPENING OF THE EXTENSION FROM HOSHANGABAD TO BHOPAL.

ON TUESDAY next, the eighteenth of November, instant, the extension of the Bhopal State Railway from Hoshangabad to Bhopal will be opened for passenger and goods traffic, and from that date, until further notice, a Mixed Train will leave Itarsi every day at 3-45 p.m., arriving at Bhopal at 7-0 p.m., and a train will leave Bhopal at 7-0 a.m., arriving at Itarsi at 11-45 a.m., calling at all intermediate Stations and running in connection with the Down and the Up Mail Trains respectively of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway.
2. First, Second, and Third Class Passengers, Luggage, Parcels, Horses, Carriages, &c., will be booked by these Trains.
3. Coaching and Goods Traffic of all descriptions will be booked between the stations of the Bhopal State Railway, and also between the Stations of that Railway and the Stations of both and the connected Railways with which there are through booking arrangements for each description of traffic respectively.
4. For additional information as to Fares, Rates, &c., see the Time Table for the Bhopal State Railway, dated the Eighteenth of November, instant, exhibited at Stations, and further information can also be obtained on application at the Stations, or to the undersigned.
HENRY CONDER,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, the fourteenth of November, 1884.

NOTICE is hereby given that WITTOBA NARAYEN and GUNPUTRAO WITTOBA, respectively of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitants, have contracted to mortgage their right, title, and interest in all that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate and being in Bombay at Mahim, Dharavee Road, in the sub-district of Mazagon, fronting the said road on the south side thereof, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 29, containing by admeasurement 13,500 square yards and five hundred square yard be the same little more or less, and bounded as follows, that is to say—On or towards the east by the several pieces or parcels of land or ground, respectively belonging to Andley Fateil Boocha Chaloor, Pudma Junka, and Benda Bhundaree, on the west by the several pieces or parcels of land or ground respectively belonging to Naga Jusheny Benda Bhai Fateil, Chadoo Mooljee, and Mimcel, on the north by the said Dharavee Road, and on the south by the several pieces or parcels of land or ground respectively belonging to Sookra and others, and which said piece or parcel of land or ground was formerly and is now in the occupation of Abdool Rahimon Hajee Cadurna and Hajee Ally Manomed Rahimtoola. All persons having any claim or demand on their shares in the said property or any part thereof, by way of mortgage, inheritance, gift, lease, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to me at my office, No. 41, Meadow-street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the mortgage will be completed without regard to any such claim, and the same will be considered null and void.—Dated this 14th day of November, 1884.
KHUNDERAO MOROJEE,
Attorney for the Mortgage.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.
ESTABLISHED 1803.
CAPITAL—ONE MILLION SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.

POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Wares, and Merchandize in Bombay and up-country issued, on behalf of the above Company, at most favourable rates, by the Undersigned, from whom full particulars may be obtained.
BENN, ASHLEY & Co., Agents.

N. C. DALAL'S DEPOT OF CHEROOTS AND CIGARS.
ESTABLISHED, 1872.
6, CHURCH-GATE-STREET

OWING to our LARGE STOCK of CHEROOTS and CIGARS on hand, have this day reduced the prices to ensure a speedy sale. Our cigars are too well known in the market to sound their praise. All are of choice brand and flavour. Smokers will do well to call and try our samples before laying in their supplies.

	Per box.	Per 25-0.
Dawson's	Rs. 1 10	Rs. 15 8
Thompson	" 1 14	" 17 0
Havannahs	" 1 12	" 17 0
Manilla Cigars	" 3 4	" 30 0
Do. Cheroots	" 3 4	" 30 0
Burmahs	" 1 4	" 14 0
Quebecs	" 1 0	" 9 0
Little Devils	" 3 3	" 32 0
Pondicherry Cheroots	" 1 14	" 17 8

FOR SALE.
1—REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.
BY
W. WEDDERBURN, Bom. C. S.
PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.
May be had at this office and at the book sellers.

"ROUGH ON CORNS.
Ask for Wells—"Rough on Corns." Quick relief, complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.
Cooper, Madon & Co., Bombay, Sole Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET, with immediate possession, a very desirable TOP FLOOR, in Hornby-row, Fort. It is entirely open to the westerly sea-breeze, and commands a charming view of Malabar Hill. Rent, only Rs. 80. For further particulars apply to
P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that the CONNECTION of PRANJEEVUN NARRONJEE with the undersigned in a certain Printing Press called or known by the name of THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT PRINTING PRESS, situated in Shaik Memon-street in Bombay, leased and determined as and from the—31st October last. All persons therefore dealing hereafter with the said Pranjeevun Narronjee on account of the said Press will do so at their own risks.
ABDOOL HOOSAIN NOORBHOY, Proprietor,
The Duke of Connaught Printing Press.
Bombay, 14th November, 1884.

NOTICE.
ADMITTED CLAIMS against the undermentioned estates will be paid at the Administrator-General's Office, High Court, on any WEDNESDAY during office hours.
Estate of S. BETHAM, 2nd dividend at 1.126 per cent.
" C. Pattison " at 1.431 per cent.
" J. McMILLAN, full payment.
" Major JAMES KITCHEN, dividend at 31.637 per cent.
" KHARIDAS PREMJEE, 2nd dividend at 1.542 per cent.
" F. W. PAUL, full payment.
" JOSEPH GARNETT "
" R. W. BRUTON "
" Major F. H. T. G. CUMMING, dividend at 6.947 per cent.
" JOSEPH PRICE " at 70.070 per cent.
" A. M. CANTEM, full payment.
L. RIVERT-CARNAC,
Administrator-General.
Administrator-General's Office, High Court, Nov. 13, 1884.

NOTICE is hereby given that TRIMBUCK KESHOW VAIDYA has contracted to SELL the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim to or upon the same by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, lien, lease or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known to the undersigned at their office, No. 23, Rampart-row, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the same (if any) will be considered to have been waived, and the sale will be completed without any regard thereto.
DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling and a chawl standing thereon, situate at Khutteralli first lane, otherwise called or known by the name of Champagully, near Wadiwaty, in the registration sub-district of Mandvee, containing by admeasurement 380 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Collector of land revenue, under old No. 10, new No. 1161, old survey No 97, and new survey No. 1550, and by the Collector of Assessment under Nos. 18 and 19, bounded on the east, south, and south by the property belonging to Mooljee Jaitha, and on the west by a public road leading to Champagully.—Dated this 14th day of November, 1884.
THAKURDAS & DHARAMSI,
Purchasers solicitors.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.
A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Corporation will be held here on MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 3 p. m., for the consideration of the following business:—
1. Letter from Mr. Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee stating his intention to propose that the Marquis of Ripon be solicited to lay the foundation-stone of the New Municipal Offices and Hall, and that the Town Council be asked to recommend the expenditure of such sum as may be necessary for carrying out the ceremony of laying the foundation-stone.
2. Sanction to be asked to the grants of (1) Rs. 3,500 for additional charges for printing, advertising, and stationary for the Corporation and Town Council, and (2) Rs. 4,000 for illuminating addresses to H. E. the Marquis of Ripon, and to the Earl of Dufferin, and of providing caskets or cases to contain the addresses.
3. Letter from the Secretary, Town Council, reporting the Budget transfers made by the Council on the 29th October, 1884.
4. Sanction to be asked to the expenditure of Rs. 53,000, from Surplus Cash Balance, towards the cost of the construction of the new bridge at Sewri-road, Byculla.
5. Town Council's Resolutions recommending the Corporation to sanction grants, from Surplus Cash Balance, amounting to Rs. 1,33,214 as per details already circulated to the members of the Corporation), for cost of difference between the original Budget estimates and contract rates for the metal, coal, and hire of bullocks during current year, and for providing for cost of various new works.
6. Town Council's Resolution recommending for the adoption of the form of Progress Reports of works as shown on pages 6 to 8, Town Council proceedings 22nd October last.
7. Government Resolution relative to the transfer of the charge of Primary Education to the Municipality.
8. Letter from Hadjee Kurreem Mahomed Sulleman, and other residents of Mahomed Hoosein Kanikar-street, Don Tad 2nd Row, and Menon Mohia, requesting that the 3 inch water pipe running along the Pydhowni and Chinchbunder Roads may be removed therefrom, and in its stead a 9-inch water pipe laid.
9. Letter from the honorary Secretary, Bombay Native Merchants' Association and the Town Council, first Instalment thereon, on the subject of the incidence of Town Duties and the ways and means for carrying out the Tansa Water Works.
10. The Clerk and Secretary will report that the following gentlemen have been duly elected members of the Municipal Corporation:—Mr. Dadabhai Thackersi Pranji, Mr. Rastamji Nasarwanji Khory, M. D., M.R.C.S., and Mr. Roland Blaney, M.A., M.B., C.M.
11. Letter from Mr. Shaik M. Cassim, thanking the Corporation for its expression of condolence on the death of Khan Bahadur Sheik Hyder Cassim.
12. Notice of Motion from Mr. Nowroji Kabraji stating his intention to move that the different Committees appointed by the Corporation during the past and present years be requested to expedite their reports with particular reference to the Committee for the disposal of the Town Sweepings on the Flats and on the dwellings of the labouring classes.
By Order of the Chairman,
R. WINFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation, & Secy., Town Council
Bombay, Municipal Offices, 11th November, 1884.

COOPER, MADON AND Co., Ld.,
BY APPOINTMENT TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,
BOOKSELLERS, PUBLISHERS, STATIONERS, AND NEWSAGENTS,
CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

NEW BOOKS.	Rs.	a.
Army Lists—		
Bombay, November	1	0
Bengal, Quarterly	2	0
Hart's Annual, reduced to	6	0
Do. Quarterly	6	12
Bradshaw's Continental Guide, October	2	4
Ses Filles de John Bull ; by Max O'Rell	2	4
Adventures of Maurice Drummore ; by L. Meadows	2	4
Andrew Lorimer ; by W. S. Raymond	1	4
The Birthday Book of Art and Artists ; by Mrs. W. D. Adams	3	0
A Boys Will ; by E. L. Davis	1	4
English Men of Letters, Coleridge Series ; by H. D. Trail	1	8
Brahmoism or History of Reformed Hinduism by Ram Chandra Bose	3	12
Elements of Physiological Physics ; by J. McGregor-Robertson	1	12
Griffinhoof ; by C. Temple	2	4
Hand and Ring ; by A. K. Green	0	6
Hindu Philosophy ; by Ram Chandra Bose	3	12
Human Intercourse ; by P. G. Hamerlon	5	8
Ivy Leaves ; by Frances Ridley Havergal	0	10
John Herring, a West of England Romance	3	12
Just in Time ; by Mrs. G. S. Reaney	3	4
Life and Work of St. Paul ; by F. W. Farrar	3	12
A Long Lane with a Turning ; by S. Doudney	3	4
Megs Mistake ; by Mrs. R. O. Reilly	3	4
Micro Organisms and Disease ; by E. Klein	3	0
Notes on Materica Medica and Pharmacy ; by P. T. Roberts	4	12
The Peruvians at Home ; by G. R. Fitz-roy Cole	3	12
Stories out of School Time ; by Ascott R. Hope	3	4
Sword of Damocles ; by A. L. Green	0	6
Tales from Chambers Journal No 4	0	6
Three Sixteenth Century Sketches ; by S. Brook	1	8
Urdu-Hindu Vocabulary ; by P. Mulvihill	2	4
Zadkiels Almanac for 1885	0	8
The Baby's Grandmother ; by L. E. Walford	3	12
Bearing the Yoke ; by Helen Shipton	1	8
Bimbi ; by Ouida	1	4
The Boys of Dragonwold	0	8
Captain Jewell's Wife	1	4
Christmas Tree Land ; by Mrs Molesworth	3	0
Crap Court ; by M. Seeley	1	0
A Dreadful Romance ; by L. M. Lane	2	4
Effie and her Strange Acquaintances	3	4
The Fate of Mansfield Humphreys ; by R. G. White	3	12
Flower and Leaf ; by Mrs. Davenport Adams	3	4
The French Prisoners, a Story for Boys	3	4
A Good Copy ; by J. Bayford Harrison	1	0
Guide, Philosopher and Friend ; by Mrs. H. Martin	2	4
Heroes of Science ; by T. C. Lewis	2	4
Her Title of Honour ; by Holme Lee	3	4
In His Court ; by M. E. Hayes	1	8
Legends from Fairy Land ; by Holmes Lee	1	4
The Manborough Choir Boys	0	8
The Magic Flute ; by Mary Linskill	2	0
The Mariners of England and their Deeds of Daring ; by W. H. D. Adams	1	0
Higher Education in Germany and England ; by C. Bird	1	8
The Mouth and Teeth in Health and Disease ; by J. M. Dennis	1	8
Muriel's Two Crosses ; by Annette Lyster	2	0
Mutiny of the Albatross ; by F. E. Moore	2	4
No Beauty ; by H. L. Childe-Pemberton	1	8
The One Army ; by Mrs. Sidwell	1	8
Our Insect Allies ; by Theodore Wood	1	8
The Pride of the Village ; by A. Eubute-Evans	1	8
Stories of Old Rome ; by C. H. Hansom	2	8
Three Weddings	0	8
Observations on the Pathology and Treatment of Cholera ; by J. Murray	1	0
Trowel, Chisel, and Brush ; by H Grey	0	10
Surgical Handicraft ; by W. Pye	10	0
Tumours of the Ovary, Fallopian Tube, and Broad Ligament ; by A. G. H. Doran	6	12
A Turbulent Town ; by E. N. Hoare	2	0
The Two Violets ; by C. S. Lowndes	1	0
Two Years in an Indian Mission ; by Rev. F. H. Blackett	1	0
The Valley of Baca	1	0
The White Bear's Den ; by A. L. O. E	1	8
An Unwilling Witness ; by A. Lyster	2	4
A Wild-Goose Chase ; by E. Scarlett Potter	1	0
Wonders of the Ice World ; by A. R. Hope	0	10
NEW FRENCH NOVELS.		
Brelan de Docteurs ; by Charles D'Osson	2	4
Jeunes Filles ; by C. Mends	2	4
La Femme du Reu ; by E. Berthet	2	0
La Princesse ; by A. Lapointe	2	0
La Reine des Gueux ; by Paul Mahalin	2	4
La Victorire du Mari ; by Gaston de Varennes	2	4
Le Meagre Hubert ; by Jules Sibyl	2	0
Les Mysteres de Marseilles ; by Emile Zola	2	4

COOPER, MADON & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER.
STINGING irritation, inflamation, all Kidney and similar Complaints, cured by "Buchu-paiba."
Cooper Madon & Co., Bombay, Sole Agents.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—No. exceeding 8 lines Re. 1 each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES from Rs. 30 and upwards. 10 per cent discount for cash. Needles, annas 12 per dozen. Best Dewhurst's Cotton Re. 1 a dozen. Reels, parts, needles, silk, cotton, thread, or oil sent by V. P. Post.—The Singer Manufacturing Company, 5, Church-gate-street, Bombay.

WANTED, a LADY TEACHER for a Parsee Family to give lessons in ENGLISH and VERNACULAR. Apply "N." care of this paper.

MAHABLESHWUR READY LAID DAK —Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

COMFORTABLE PHAETONS and TONGA DAWKS for Mahableshwar, ready laid, at very moderate rates.—Parashaw Burjorjee, Proprietor, Poona.

CHUBB AND SON'S SAFES, Writing, Cash, Paper, and Key Boxes, Locks and Padlocks. Sole Agent in Bombay, Edaljee Pestonjee, 47, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

MAJOLICA vases, fruit plates, jugs, baskets, toughened soda tumblers, Rs. 7-8 doz., English plant stools, Rs. 7.—Shroff Brothers, No. 52, Esplanade-cross-road.

DAVIS'S Empress hand-machine, a perfect lock-stich does all kinds of sewing; with all accessories Cash Rs. 27. Three years guarantee.—Shroff Brothers.

WANTED, a good CLERK who knows mercantile business. Apply 43, Hornby-road.

WANTED, a good COMPOSITOR for a small up-country press. Apply S. S. office of this Paper

THE GEM AIR-GUN with DARTS, etc., Rs. 30 each, a small parcel to hand.—BARTON & Co. Limited, Church-gate-street.

BILLIARDS.—THIS EVENING a match of 500 up will be played at the Waverly Billiard Rooms play commencing at 9 p.m.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.—From Sir Comer Patharam.—I have found the G. W. Hotel comfortable during my stay here.

CRYSTOLEUM and Metallicon Lustre Painting.—Lessons in these beautiful accomplishments given at No. 13, Rampart-row, Bombay.

WANTED, a good TONGA and pair of PONIES, some tents, and a horse for districts. Apply to P. W. Engineer, *Bombay Gazette* Office.

DOG-CART.—Wanted English-built Dog-cart or good country-made, in perfect order to suit Gallow, 14 hands. Stating price, ap. ly "Dog-cart," care of this paper.

WANTED, from 1st December next, for about three months, a furnished house in Malabar or Cumballa Hill or in the Marine Lines. Address A. B. C., *Gazette* Office.

FOR SALE, a 32 inch "American Club" BICYCLE with rubber suspenders and in perfect order. Price Rs. 100, but open to offers. Apply E. A., 2, Clare-road, Byculla.

PHOTO. ALBUMS, scrap albums, and pictures, plush bags, money purses, silk fans, fancy inkstands, sandalwood bags.—Pestonjee Sorabjee & Co., No. 33, Meadow-street.

SUPPLIES now received fortnightly, per s.s. Sutlej. Paris Millinery, Lace Handkerchiefs, Embroidery, Boys' Sailor Collars, Infants Millinery, Xmas Cards, &c., &c.—Mrs. Counsell.

TWO PIANOFORTES, one Collard and Collard's semi-grand, and the other Cottage, by a German maker, will be sold at Crawford & Co.'s Auction on Monday, 17th November, at 3 p. m.

FURNISHED DETACHED BUNGALOW, TO LET, just vacated by Dr. Parakh, good position, private entrance, &c., suitable for a large family. Special terms for long period.—Apply Green & Read, Hamilton Hotel, Mazagon.

A LADY residing in Clifton wishes the charge of 2 or 3 children who could attend school if desired; liberal and well appointed home; 2 months at sea-side in summer. Full particulars on application to A. Z., care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

JUST RECEIVED by s.s. Manila, gold pebble spectacles, No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

LUNCHEON BASKETS, complete with all necessary fittings for two, Rs. 15 and Rs. 18 each; for one, Rs. 10 each.
J. NEUBERG.

DEVARENNES & Co., Gowalia Tank-road.—On ready sale, new dog-cart, Rs. 150; new Mail-phaeton, Rs. 350; second-hand Mail-phaeton, Rs. 400; second-hand Office Shigram, Rs. 225.

WANTED, an AGENT for the SALE of BERLIN WOOLS, &c. Apply stating terms and mode of payment to D. SANDEMAN and Co., Manufacturers, Leicester, England.

LANOWLEE HOTEL.—The best Hotel for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen, or vacant. The elevation of Lanowlee is 2,500 feet above the level of the sea, and 200 feet higher than Khandalla.

WHITE DEVON SERGE (unshrinkable), a splendid article for Badminton, Lawn-tennis, &c.; also a large assortment of Tweeds, &c., per s.s. "Massilia."—Y. A. HAJEE & Co., Tailors, &c., Hummum-street.

SALE of the BHANDOOP ESTATE will take place before the Commissioner at the High Court on WEDNESDAY next, the 19th instant, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. For particulars apply to Messrs. CAMA and HORMASJEE, Solicitors, 29, Meadow-street, Fort.

TO CAPITALISTS.—A safe investment in Panchgani. Four well furnished Bungalows known as the Four Cottages, centrally situated in an extensive compound with a well. For particulars apply to Mr. R. Royal, Ispitpoh, or Mr. Nasserwanjee Dossabhoy, Merchant and House Agent, Manableshwar.

A BARGAIN—A consignment of COTTAGE PIANOS especially made for the Indian climate by the celebrated firm Ascherberg, Dresden, to be sold away at a reasonable price on account of the concerned. For particulars apply to Mr. A. S. J. PEREIRA, Piano Tuner and Repairer, Bombay, No. 17, Oak Lane, Fort.

FIVE hundred thousand pounds was paid last year under STANDARD LIFE Policies in respect of DEATH claims. The accumulated Fund amounts to Six Millions Sterling invested only in unexceptionable Securities, and the Revenue is £800,000 per annum.

FOR SALE.—Lathes, Sliding, Surfacing and Screw Cutting, 5", 7", and 12" Centres, 6 to 20 feet beds; Seller's Screwing Machines, Planing Machines, Drilling Machines, Saw Benches, Punching and Shearing Machines, Fire Engines, Crab Winches, Screw Jacks, Taps and Dies, &c.—Richardson and Cruddas, Bombay Metal Mart.

THE BEST CHRISTMAS CARDS in Bombay are at PEARSE'S, Apollo-street. Personally selected in London by J. PEARSE.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.
No. 1, FORBES AND MEADOW-STREETS.

BONA-FIDE SALE of valuable handsomely carved and french-polished household furniture, gilt-framed pier glasses, valuable pictures, Brussels hall carpet, Chubb's iron safe, carved partition screen, sewing machine, rich kerosine hanging lamps, Mahableshwar pure honey, teak swing with brass rods, one Park Phaeton with movable coach-box, &c. &c., will be sold on MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 2 p.m., by Messrs MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., in a tent behind the Alexandra School building on the Esplanade, the property of Khan Bahadur Muncherjee C. Murzban, Esq., C. E., who has changed his residence.
Catalogues will be published. Property is on view.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 15th November, 1884.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.
AUCTION SALE of Railway Plant, Stores, &c., &c., at the B. B. & C. I. Railway Stores Depot, Parel.
Messrs. MENESSE and Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on or about 3rd December next and the following days at 1 p.m. on each day until the whole is disposed of at the B. B. & C. I. Railway Stores Depot, Parel, A quantity of Railway Plant, Stores, &c., 1 ding partly surplus and partly used stock, consisting of sleeper shaping and saw machines, screw augurs, fish, T and plate iron of sizes wood screws wrought iron and, steel scrap, teakwood and poon wood scrap, old rails cast iron fire bars, paint, spring cushions, Spring balances, carpenter's tools, and sundry other miscellaneous articles.
Catalogues will be published and will be had on the premises or of the undersigned.
MENESSE & CO.
Bombay, 15th November, 1884.

SADANUND SHRICRISTNAJE AND CO.
BONAFIDE SALE.
ON WEDNESDAY, the 19th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. S. SHRICRISTNAJEE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Apollo-street, opposite Apollo house, the valuable and handsome bl

FANCY FAIR AT JUBBULPORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 12.

As intimated in a previous issue of this journal, the fancy bazaar in aid of the building fund of Christ Church was held on the 11th and 12th instant, in the Railway Institute, from 4 p.m. The room, although of limited extent, was very tastefully decorated. The stalls, which were neatly arranged, were presided over by charming young damsels, which added much to the success of the Rev. Mr. Lamert's undertaking. The articles exhibited for sale were of various kinds. A very nice Doll was sent from Simla by Lady Donald Stewart, dressed by her Ayah was told. The Hongkong silver jewelry was exquisite, as were also the pictures. "Gimcrack Toyze and Co's" stalls were as largely patronized as the refreshment stalls. It did one good to see a liberal-hearted gentleman pay Rs. 30 for a cup of coffee, and another pay Rs. 10 for a "button-hole!" On the whole, the fancy fair was a decided success, the management "unexceptionable," and the bazaar ladies most energetic in disposing of their *bric-a-brac*. The articles exhibited, which were sent from several places, were valued at nearly Rs. 2,000, and the proceeds must have been handsome. Many natives attended, and no doubt felt highly honoured in having a flower planted on their cake by handsome young ladies, but they looked rather small when they had to pay handsomely for the condescension. General Murray and other officials were present. The entrance fee was only two annas. At intervals the band of the Leicestershire Regiment discoursed sweet music. I must not omit to mention the nice things in the "Leicestershire House" and the large plum-cake presented by Colonel Strickland's good lady, which was raffled for about Rs. 80.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, NOV. 13.—With a few local exceptions the pressure during the past twenty-four hours has increased throughout the whole of India. The change is greatest in the Punjab, and the shallow depression noticed yesterday over Sind has passed away southward over the Arabian Sea. The area of highest reading is now reported from the N.-W. P., but lowest readings still lie over the Malabar Coast. The wind continues to blow from eastward and north-westward with remarkable steadiness over the greater part of India. The sky is cloudy, and rain has fallen over Burma, the Carnatic, Mysore, and Ceylon; but elsewhere the weather is fine and bright, and the moisture in the air is gradually decreasing. Rain to-day:—Madras, 2 inches; Negapatam, Rangoon, and Moulmein, 1 inch; Wellington, Colombo, and Tounghoo ½ inch. Previously, Chitaldroog and Nellore over 1 inch.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

a Major Woodward, Troopship Jumna.
a Lt McDougall Declalee.
a Lt A O'Gidvy, Do.
a Lt J Dimand, Do.
a Lt G Noble, Do.
a Surg R B Rae, Berar.
a Capt Wright
a Lt R W Hodg Deolalee.
a Lt-Col Lane, Balsar.
a Surg-Genl Walker, Allahabad.
a Mr F W O'Donnohue, Poona.
a Mr and Mrs Candy, Kolahpur.
a Mr E A Lee, Ajmere.
a Mr R W Bartlett, Do.
a Mr and Mrs L Hare, Europe.
a Mr and Mrs H Ormerod, Europe in Madras.
a Mrs F I Marsden, England.
a Mr and Mrs H R Morgan, England.
a Col and Mrs O'Meneces, Punjab Police, England.
a Mr J S Harman, P W D, England.
a Mrs Belchman, England.
a Miss I J Thompson, England.
a Surg-Major and Mrs Ellis, England.
a Th Moises Walker, England.
a Mr Bartlett, England.
a Mr Lance, England.
a Mr O Wallace, England.
a Capt Harris, 20th N I.
a Mr James Buchanan, England.
a Mr and Mrs E A Sibold, England.
Mr and Mrs A O'Connell, Bombay.
a Mr and Mrs C I Railway, Bombay.
Miss Miss O'Connell, Bombay.
Mr and Mrs E Newton.
Mr and Mrs Addis, Bengal CS, England.
a Mrs Lee, England.
a Lt Minchen, Poona Horse, Poona.
Professor S Cooke, Poona.
Col and Mrs Borradaile, Poona.
a Mr T W Powles, R H A.
Mr H Bromley, England.
Mr Alfred E Lasti, Do.
Mr and Mrs Towers, Do.
Mr and Mrs Tooze, Do.
Mrs Ridout, Do.
Mr and Mrs E J Barker, Bombay.
Mr and Mrs Pritchard, England.
Major and Mrs Williams.
Mr and Mrs B S. Byrne, Surgeon Commd Agent, Bombay.
Capt and Mrs Loch, Rajputana.
Miss Byrne, Bombay.
Mr F A Innes Nond, Do.
Mr J Arthur Brooks, Do.
Col Bowlby.
a Capt Nugent, R A, Morar
Mr W H Taylor Bombay.
Mr St Quinton Byrne, Bombay.
Mr J P Mitarachi, Osmanwati
Mr Thos. Wilson, Bombay.
Mr E Minors, Bombay.
Mr R J V Cox, England.
Surgn M Collie, I M D, Bombay.
Mr G L Burne, Do.
Mr A Murcott, Do.
Mr Wm Volk, Europe.
Mr John M Heyn, Bombay.
Mr Dunlop, Do.
Mr Ballantine, Do.
Mr G L Trevor, Do.

LANGWLIE HOTEL, LANGWLIE.

a Mr Samud Hodgort, Bombay.
Mr and Mrs. F. W. Stevans, Bombay.
Mr John Griffiths, School of Arts, Bombay.

LANGWLI VISITORS IN THEIR OWN BUNGALOWS.

Mr Pandoorang Balibhoodra

Residents left during week marked thus (a).

...RERE MEMORIAL FUND.

...ther sums have been subscribed ...mmitte:—

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SMALL CAUSES COURT.—NOV. 14.

(Before Rao Bahadoor GUNPUTRAO BHASKERJEE, Fourth Judge.)

DISPUTED ATTORNEY'S BILL.

G.S.D. LUCAS VS. ARTHUR ROWLES.

In this case the plaintiff, a Major-General in the Bombay Army, sought to recover from the defendant, a Captain in the 2nd Battalion East Yorkshire Regiment, a sum of Rs. 320-4-11, being the amount of costs incurred by him in a suit in which the defendant was petitioner and the present plaintiff was co-respondent, filed in the Divorce Court in England. The suit was for a divorce, and was ultimately dismissed, the costs to be paid by the defendant. Mr. Crawford, of Messrs. Crawford and Buckland, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. A. Turner for the defendant.

Mr. Turner said that the costs were ordered by the High Court to be paid to Mr. John Ellerton as attorney for the plaintiff in that suit.

After the plaintiff had been examined, the court entered judgment for the plaintiff for Rs. 320-4-11 and costs.

BENGAL.

THE INDIGO CROP.—The reports of the indigo brokers tell us (says the *Englishman*) that up to the present time the only indigo that had arrived in the market was about 1,000 chests from the North-West, but that so far only one transaction was reported, that of the sale of 17 chests at Rs. 140, or about Rs. 35 below last year's prices. The first public sale will be held on the 17th instant; but it is very doubtful if any European marks will be included in the catalogue, and whether native proprietors will be prepared to meet the market freely, buyers' ideas of value being so much below last year's rate.

THE WRONG BOTTLE.—On Saturday last an unfortunate occurrence took place in the house of Mr. Woodhouse in Mouivie Imdad Ali's lane, Calcutta. Mr. Woodhouse carries on business on his own account as a builder and contractor. For the past fortnight he had been indulging pretty freely in liquor, and his daughter, being desirous of checking him, seized an opportunity and concealed half a bottle of brandy among a number of bottles of kerosine-oil. Some time after, he missed the bottle, and, wanting a drink, created a disturbance in the house, and his daughter told him where the bottle was. He went into the verandah and taking up the first bottle, which contained kerosine-oil, poured out the contents into a glass and drank the liquid. He did not appear to notice anything peculiar in the taste, but a little while afterwards, he complained of pain in his stomach and told his daughter, who thereupon took him to the General Hospital, where he has been detained for treatment.—*Indian Daily News.*

MADRAS.

MADRAS MUNICIPAL MORTUARY REGISTER.—From the 1st to the 7th instant, 8 East Indians, 8 Native Christians, 231 Hindus, and 32 Maho medans died in Madras, making a total of 279 persons. The figures for the corresponding week of the last previous years was 275. The deaths are thus classified; 1 from small-pox, 1 from measles, 73 from fever, 31 from dysentery, 12 from diarrhœa, 3 from cholera, and 155 from other diseases. The death rate in the week under notice was 36·3 per 1,000 per annum. The mean of the ten previous years was 37·5 per 1,000 per annum.

BIRTH OF A SON TO THE RAJAH OF PUNGANUR.—A Madanapalli correspondent writes to the *Madras Mail*:—"On the night of the 6th instant a son was born to His Highness the Rajah Sahib of Punganur, C.I.E., at Madanapalli. This is the third son to H.H. The several chiefs waiting for the happy event in different quarters to report the glad news to men of respectable position connected with the Remindary, with a view to obtain rewards. There was a regular stream of men coming and later on, women, to offer the delightful tidings to Lal Mahomed Sahib Garu, the Subadar of the Samastanam. The same night the Subadar Sahib sent word to Punganur, to fire twelve rounds in honour of the birth of the child. He also sent several sweetmeats, to the Punganur bungalow, to have music to be played in the palace at Punganur, and to perform poojahs not only in the temples in the city of Punganur, but also in all those in the whole Zoonindary. In the morning, the Subadar distributed to many servants of the State. Happy letters were written to the friends, both European and natives, of the Rajah Sahib, who has been and is receiving congratulatory letters from different places."

THE RE-MARRIAGE OF HINDU WOMEN.—A copy of the following letter to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras, has been sent to us:—"I have the honor to submit for the favorable consideration of Government, my views on the subject:—1st. The religious sense of the Hindu community is against a woman thinking or having a memory of more than one person as her husband—however readily the animal feelings may in parts overcome the religious sense in individual case. 2ndly. The Brahman, who is only a Hindu of religious culture, is honored for holding the animal feelings in subordination to that religious sense. 3rdly. The agitation against infant marriage, and the proposed widow-remarriage proceeds from persons who, by reason of their western education, or of their scepticism, or of their desire to check immorality and infanticide, cannot appreciate the religious sense of the Hindu community, particularly of the Brahman community. This community consists of thousands of families unknown to Government and are not represented by the agitators and officers known to Government. 4th. It will be a clear and unwarrantable violation of Her Most Gracious Majesty's proclamation to bring official influence to bear upon the religious beliefs and practices of the people—and particularly upon the institution of marriage, which is one of, not the, most sacred sacrament of any creed or church. 5thly. Freedom to marry girls and widows at any age, is not denied now, and was not denied at any time, and the agitators are not just, and even honest, in interfering with those who do not religiously or socially approve of that freedom. I belong to the agitators class, but should be ...alitt persecution, if those who do not ... me disown me as their relative ...

THE PORTUGUESE ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

IN consequence of certain reports published in this paper, to the effect that the churches in Bengal under the jurisdiction of the Archbishop of Goa, would, from the 1st December next, be placed under the supervision of the Vicars Apostolic of Eastern and Western Bengal, the members attached to the Bottacannah and Bander churches held a meeting on Friday evening to express their sentiments on the subject. Considering the short notice issued, a large number of persons assembled in St. Chrysostom's School hall to hear the sentiments of those who will be directly affected by the transfer of jurisdiction. Mr. H. J. Joaquim having been voted to the chair, the following resolutions were proposed, seconded, and carried without a single dissendent voice:—

Proposed by Mr. C. D'Costa, and seconded by Mr. J. W. D'Souza—"That this meeting records the great alarm and deep regret which they feel at the news that the jurisdiction of His Grace the Archbishop of Goa over his churches in Bengal will cease from the 1st December next, and that these churches will be placed under the jurisdiction of their Graces the Vicars Apostolic of Eastern and Western Bengal."

Proposed by Mr. F. Gonsalves, and seconded by Mr. James R. Rodgers—"That besides the memorial and telegram sent to the Holy Father, memorials and telegrams be at once submitted to His Holiness Pope Leo XIII, to his most Faithful Majesty the King of Portugal, and to His Grace the Archbishop of Goa, expressing the regret of this meeting and of the congregation attending the churches of our Blessed Lady of Dolours in Calcutta and of our Blessed Lady of the Rosary at Bandel, and praying most earnestly and respectfully that these two churches, as well as all the other Roman Catholic Portuguese Missions in Bengal, should continue as hitherto under the Archbishop of Goa."

Proposed by Mr. G. A. Lewis, and seconded by Mr. C. Lobo—"That, to carry out the object of the second resolution, and for any other business to be transacted, a special committee be appointed, consisting of Messrs. H. J. Joaquim, J. Rodrigues, and C. D'Costa, with power to add to their number."

Proposed by E. S. D'Souza, and seconded by P. D'Costa—"That, in order to meet the expenses connected with the carrying out of the resolutions of this meeting, a subscription be raised among the parishioners and friends of the mission by circulating two or more subscription lists."

The meeting then separated, with a vote of thanks to the chair.—*Indian Daily News.*

THE NEW BRITISH PROTECTORATE.

THE setting up of a British protectorate over south-eastern New Guinea, invests with fresh interest a project for the scientific exploration of a portion of that country recently sanctioned and aided by the Royal Geographical Society, and by the British Association. The sum of 400*l.*—not a large figure certainly, but the highest grant awarded this year by the British Association for scientific purposes—has been voted to Mr. Henry Ogg Forbes, in addition to the 250*l.* from the Royal Geographical Society, in aid of his proposed expedition to the Mount Owen Stanley Range. This is the central range of the eastern peninsula of New Guinea, situated somewhere about longitude 147 E., and latitude 9 S. It has never yet been reached. The coasts even of our new protectorate are incompletely known; the interior is practically unexplored country. The furthest advance yet made into the interior of the eastern peninsula has been achieved by Captain Armit of the Melbourne Argus, but he did not reach the Owen Stanley Range, the botany and zoology of which it is the object of Mr. Forbes to investigate. The country between the coast and that range is referred to by Colonel Scratchley and Dr. Comrie Thomson from a paper recently published by the Royal Geographical Society summarising the present knowledge with regard to New Guinea:—"The comparatively bare Australian-looking coast range is backed by a second and still higher range, with precipitous ravines and occasional open valleys, sometimes a few miles in width, full of rich, deep soil; the whole watered by fine streams, and clothed with dense forest, which, interspersed with open grassy patches. In these intermediate ranges the rocks in some parts are volcanic, in others a volcanic breccia is found, resting on metamorphic strata, consisting of talcose and plumbaginous schists, and gneiss, with occasional marble. Extensive tracts, in many cases the hillsides are cleared and carefully fenced and cultivated. Very fine sugar-cane, cotton and tobacco are found everywhere, and yams and taro (among other food sources) are extensively grown; while an oak grows there, and pigs fatten on the acorns.

The natives are reported as singularly amiable, honest, and pleasant to deal with, their first impressions of Europeans, which were favourable to the missionaries, having happily been confirmed by the general conduct of subsequent travellers, prospectors for gold, and others. Without the aid they have willingly given as carriers, exploration would be impossible. Among the different tribes seem, however, as a rule to be at war with each other, and the prevalence of the *dobbo* (houses built high up in the trees) and stockaded villages testify to a general insecurity. At least two types of population are found—one Papuan, perhaps corresponding to the race with Polynesian affinities, who occupy the neighbouring coast, is fair and taller and more intelligent than the other, with aquiline noses and high foreheads; in the other race the forehead is lower, the nose flat, and the hair, it is said, inclined to be 'woolly,' *i.e.*, probably the 'mop' is less elaborate. Others are described as intermediate in appearance, but the observations made are insufficient to argue upon." The fact mentioned in the above extract as to the quarrels of different tribes constitutes one of the chief difficulties which Mr. Forbes has had to consider in making arrangements for his expedition. Mr. W. G. Lawes, one of the English missionaries to whom we owe much of what knowledge we have of the south coast of New Guinea, has on this point given Mr. Forbes the following information:—"Native carriers can almost always be obtained. Sometimes a feast or dashing expedition may necessitate a delay of a few days, but by waiting a short time they can always be obtained here for the first stage. The trouble is that they will not go through with any one. Fresh men have to be obtained in every new district, and this is often very vexatious. The language of the in... different ... that of the coast ... under...

A TRAGEDY IN PARIS.

A PARIS correspondent relates the following story, the details of which form a remarkable and startling dramatic tragedy in real life. The circumstances occurred on Sept. 16 and 17 at the Sens Lyceum, and in the obscure commune of Toucy in the Yonne. In the latter place, the locality in which the tragedy was contrived, there is a pastry-cook and confectioner's house. The *dramatis personæ* were a schoolboy, Gadeau, sixteen years old, his father, his father's niece, Berthe Fonassin, Fonassin *père*, Gadeau's brother-in-law, and Madame Gadeau, who had too much to do in a shop and bakery to know what was going forward in the kitchen. The Lyceum pupil (the boy Gadeau) returned home at the end of July for the autumn vacation, laden with books and crowns, proud of his honours, a feeling which his relatives, and most of all his mother, shared. She had at the cost of great sacrifices placed him in the High School at Sens, and was glad to see that the money paid for him there was not thrown away. The glory, as he thought that he had won, made him regard himself worthy of the *toga virilis*. He was nervous and irritable. Berthe had many kind and cousinly things to say to him. Were he a son of John Bull, I should say he conceived a calf's love for her. But such an expression would ill fit a precocious lad who had taken honours in a French Lycée. On Aug. 9 he acquired suddenly the certitude that Berthe was the inamorata of her uncle, the pastrycook. Gadeau junior was at first as if paralysed by the discovery. He then went up to his father, angrily reproached him, and said, making use of the familiar "tu" and "toi," "Since thou dishonourest thy house and family, I will not partake thy shame, but will kill myself." He did not tell his mother what was on his mind when she asked him frequently why he was so moody. Berthe, however, feared that a tragedy was brewing. The vacation came to an end without any tempest. Young Gadeau went back to Sens. But one day he made use of his half-holiday and money he had been given by Mme. Gadeau to buy a pistol. He then wrote to this effect to his father:—"Before this letter reaches you I shall have ceased to live. You know better than I can tell you how to efface your shame. All I ask is to have a civic funeral and to be buried at St. Benoist, my mother's communion, and not at Toucy." The pastrycook and confectioner was away shooting on land belonging to Berthe's family when the letter arrived. His wife, reading her boy's handwriting on the envelope, opened it. She, though chilled with terror, kept her head, and on the spot decided what vengeance she should take. Putting the terrible missive in another envelope, which she closed, she directed it to Berthe's uncle, and, calling the girl, told her to take it to him, and him only, without loss of time. No reproachful word or look escaped her. Berthe went to the farm where Gadeau was shooting. She had not been there a quarter of an hour when a telegram arrived at her uncle's from the rector of Seus College. It brought this message, "Come quickly, your son is dangerously wounded." Mme. Gadeau opened it. A train was to start in twenty minutes for Sens. She put up the shutters of the shop windows, emptied the till into her pocket, and started just as she was for Sens. At the Lyceum she found young Gadeau lying with his head bandaged in the infirmary unconscious, and in what seemed a helpless state. He was wounded in the forehead. The doctor said, "Let us hope the best." His verdict given to the rector was, "It is just possible he drags on for some time he will be a speechless idiot." The second act of the drama opened at the farm of Les Gilots. Berthe arrived there in due time. She found her father and uncle before the kitchen fire drinking wine. They had had a good day's sport and were quite jolly. Gadeau senior, thinking the letter was on some business affair, was about to put it in his pocket, when Berthe said, "La patronne (meaning his wife) told me it was urgent, and to give it into your own hands and that you read it." He went, as the dusk of evening was coming on, to the outer door to see what news it brought. When he knew its contents he said, "I can't stop for dinner. I must go home at once. Do you come with me, Berthe?" Without more words, he took up his hard gaiter bag, which were lying in a corner, and turned his face homewards, Berthe following him. They walked rapidly, and soon were out of sight; but home they never went. Late in the evening the neighbours in Toucy wondered why the shop shutters had been put up in the afternoon and remained so. The stillness of the house excited the popular imagination, which jumped to the conclusion that it had a sinister cause. Friends went to the doors to ask if they knew anything there about Gadeau, his wife, and Berthe. A search was made for the uncle and niece in a wood which it was thought they might have gone through as a short cut to Toucy. There the corpses of both were found at about the distance of a yard from each other. That of the girl was lying with the face up. She had been shot in an upward direction, and the muzzle of the fowling-piece was so close to her when it was fired that her face was burned. Presently she did not die at once, as her arms were clasped on her breast. In killing himself Gadeau showed some ingenuity. He tied a piece of twine to the trigger the end of which (after he had placed the muzzle of the gun in his mouth) he held in one of his hands, while he pressed down on the string with his foot. His death is thought to have been instantaneous. The presumption is that he told Berthe the contents of the letter and proposed to shoot her and himself, to which she consented. She was only seventeen.

LORD R. CHURCHILL AND THE BIRMINGHAM CAUCUS.

THE following correspondence has passed between the Mayor of Birmingham and Lord Randolph Churchill:—

Borough of Birmingham.
Mayor's Parlour, Council House, Oct. 28.

My Lord,—My attention has been called to a speech made by you last evening, in which you are reported to have made use of the following language:—

"The whole of the governing power of the borough of Birmingham is almost absolutely in the hands of the caucus. The patronage which the caucus disposes of by this means is enormous. The caucus, acting under the name of the Corporation, own the gasworks of this enormous town, they own the water supply, they control the lunatic asylum—on that point I will merely say that if by any chance we win the day, you may depend upon it the... become inmates of that institution—they ... the grammar school, and they control ... agencies in the nature of ...

by his energy, his probity, and a good sense which amounted to a genius for business, has helped them to absolute freedom. Like Lord Beaconsfield, he is descended from a Jewish-Italian family, and there probably the similarity ends, if, indeed, it may not be said that the same indomitable energy has been the distinguishing mark of both characters. What the Premier gave to statesmanship, Sir Moses Montefiore has rendered to philanthropy. With him charity is an unconquerable passion of the soul.

Interfering on behalf of the Jewish child Edgar Mortara, secretly baptised by his Roman Catholic nurse, a young girl of fourteen, at Bologna, and subsequently seized by the Bishop, sent to Rome, and detained there by the Sovereign Pontiff, Sir Moses visited the Vatican, and had an interview with Cardinal Antonelli. The Pope, however, remained obdurate, and the young Israelite was not delivered up. Again, Sir Moses went to Constantinople, and later to Morocco, on behalf of his oppressed nation; and in 1867 he visited Roumelia with a similar object. His seventh and final journey to the East was made in 1875—that is to say, in his ninety-first year. The more the life of this extraordinary man comes to be studied, the more admirable will it appear. The centenarian has, naturally, outlived all the friendships of his youth. But such grand natures cannot outlive love and reverence and universal respect. "There are," says the Talmud, "three crowns—of the law, the priesthood, and the Kingship; but the crown of a good name is greater than them all."—*Daily Telegraph.*

THE ANTWERP EXHIBITION.

ACCORDING to all accounts, the construction of the buildings for the forthcoming Antwerp exhibition is progressing rapidly, and it is now certain that they will be completely finished by the end of the year. The heavy ironwork is nearly all in position, and it is now easy to trace the main outlines of the structure. Of the 75,000 square metres destined for the chief divisions of the exhibition, 45,000 are already roofed. The central gallery of the exhibition has a length of 373 metres, and is of corresponding width. Demands for space arrive in great numbers, and annexes will have to be added to the principal buildings as it is evident that the space available will not be sufficient. Although the English Government is keeping aloof from the undertaking a very large participation of English exhibitors is anticipated. The colonial exhibition of which the Congo exhibition will be one of the most interesting features, will be especially remarkable and complete. The rear of the exhibition being close to the Scheldt, a large bridge over the quay will connect it directly with the maritime exhibition in the harbour. The exhibition of ancient art is to take place at the Musee Plantin, the courtyard of which will be roofed over for the purpose, and divided into compartments. As far as can be judged at present, the Antwerp exhibition promises to be very successfully useful as regards the establishment of new markets for the export trade to distant countries.—*Iron.*

GERMAN COMMENTS ON DR. KLEIN'S EXPERIMENT ON HIMSELF.

THE *Berliner klinische Wochenschrift* mentions Dr. Klein's experiment on himself:—his "bacillus-diuresis," as the German periodical calls it—and says that, had it not been spoken of as a fact in the English medical papers of October 4, it would have been looked upon rather as a joke. The *Wochenschrift* continues:—"We had looked for something better from Dr. Klein, and must confess that this so-called auto-experiment gives us no great idea of the discernment and powers of criticism of the above-named gentleman. The fruitlessness of this experiment, by which it is at best shown, that a rabbit can be rendered immune against a previous irritation (disposition) of the intestines, in order to be able to develop effectively, is so evident that we need waste no words on it." Every baby at Berlin laughs at Dr. Klein's experiments, urging her mother to subscribe to the *British Medical Journal* of October 4. A similar experiment was made by a large horse-dealer at Berlin some time ago, when the Government determined to have all pork microscopically examined before it was offered for sale. The horse-dealer did not like the new order, and one, bolder than the rest, took up a piece of pork containing trichinæ and swallowed it, avowing it would do him no harm. It is not quite certain whether he suffered from this act of fearlessness. Some say that he took a strong emetic before and after eating the piece of meat; others that he did actually get trichinosis. At any rate, such experiments, even if they turn out contrary to the expectation of the experimentalist, prove nothing, and if the experimentalist suffers nothing, they only show that the infective matter did not find the proper soil for development. It is generally supposed at Berlin, however, that when Dr. Klein's own report comes to hand, the matter will be put in another light.—*British Medical Journal.*

UTILISING WASTE PRODUCTS.

AN interesting example of the utilisation of waste products is to be seen in a shop-window in New York in the shape of a number of hanks of thread of different textures and colours, some being as soft as fine boot silk, others as rough as hemp. These threads are the result of an attempt, which seems likely to be successful, to utilise the various wild grasses and stalks for textile purposes. The cotton stalk, which in the South has hitherto been burnt as useless trash, is here made into a coarse thread fully equal to Indian jute, an article of commerce which is imported into the United States to the amount of 6,000,000 dols. per annum. Flax straw, which is also a very common waste product in many of the States, is converted into a fibre which makes excellent twine, and serves also as a substitute for cotton when mixed with wool. These, however, are only a few instances of many materials which have been experimented upon with more or less valuable results. Among the rest are the coarse grass, Spanish bayonet, esparto, the ramie, pita, bamboo, wild coffee, and the cotton plant, the [illegible] and from

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 14.

THE weekly return of the Bank of England shows an increase in the proportion of reserve to liabilities from 34 to 36 per cent., but Reuter quotes outside rates of discount unaltered, and private telegrams do not make the market any easier. Consols remain at 100⅜, and there is no change in Indian loans, but Chartered Bank shares are 10s. higher at £20.

Linseed is slightly weaker, but with that exception general produce in Loudon in unchanged.

Cotton, on the strength of the Agricultural Bureau report, which is generally interpreted as pointing to a crop of less than 6 millions, is again advancing. In Liverpool yesterday the market closed strong, with sales of 12,000 bales, including 2,000 Surats. Americans are quoted 1-16d. higher both on the spot and to arrive, and a rise of like extent is given in Fine Omra, Fine Broach, and Fine Dholleras on the spot, whilst Fine Broach, February-March shipment, Canal, have been done at 5 15-32d, an advance of 3-32d. per lb. In New York ready Mid-Uplands have advanced from 10 1-16 to 10¼ cents, and March shipment from 10·46 to 10·60 cents per lb. The receipts at the ports to date give the following comparisons :—

	1884.	1883.	1882.
Thursday's receipts.....	54,000	32,000	47,000
Six days' do.	218,000	186,000	204,000
Total since 1st Sept	1,380,000	1,211,000	1,376,000

The Liverpool weekly figures, made up as usual to Thursday, show that the taking of the trade have reached 88,000 bales, but the imports being large the stock has increased 7,000 bales, and is now 10,000 bales above the corresponding date last year. The stock of Surats, however, has declined from 161,000 to 152,000 bales, and the quantity afloat is only 18,000 bales.

The Cotton market here to-day has been very firm, with an active inquiry at a general advance of Rs. 2 per candy. Home orders are more numerous, and had sellers been at all willing operators a large business would have been done. A strong bull feeling, however, prevails here, and we are not likely to see much anxiety displayed to sell until new Cotton is actually on the market. We hear of purchases for export of old F. G. F. Karinja at Rs. 177, of good New Bengals for December at Rs. 150, and new good Julgaum at Rs. 183. For Broach sellers are now asking Rs. 216, and for good Bhownuggur, April, Rs. 188 per candy.

In SEEDS and WHEAT there is no change to notice.

FREIGHTS are not materially altered in position. One of the lines has engaged cargo for Liverpool, early December shipment, at 12s. 6d., and a steamer is reported fixed for Marseilles, late December, at 18s. 9d. The China is said to have filled up for Havre, option of London, at 18s. 9d. per ton.

COALS are still firm; but in the absence of sellers no new business is reported to arrive.

EXCHANGE.—With Bar Silver in London down to 43¾d. according to Reuter and 43¾d. by private advices, we opened this morning to a drop of 1-16d. per rupee and a decidedly downward tendency. As Calcutta, however, came somewhat steadier than was anticipated, the banks later in the day showed less disposition to buy, and for private paper 1-32d. of the decline may be said to have been recovered. Forward, too, they are slow about following the fall in their buying rates, most of them naming an advance of 1-32d for all this month, and a further 1-32d. per month forward up to April, for which 3 months' Credits are quoted at 1s. 7¾d. This difference is too wide to attract free selling, and there is consequently very little forward business doing. Ready rates are :—

nk Bills on demand	1s. 8 15-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 8 ¾d.	,,
Do. Three months' sight ...	1s. 7¾d.	,,
Credits do. do. do. ...	1s. 7 9-32 to 5-16d.	,,
rances do. do. do. ...	2d.	,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER is steady, with buyers of Fours at Rs. 99⅜. Fours-and-a-half are firm at Rs. 102¼.

SHARES.—Spinning mills are rather quieter again, the advance in Cotton being against the mills. Alliance have receded to Rs. 760, Great Eastern to Rs. 1,030. Leopold have advanced to Rs. 134; other companies are unchanged. Presses in some cases are a trifle weaker. Berars are back to Rs. 690, Bombay to Rs. 287½, Colaba to Rs. 1,490. Kemp and Co., Ld., are firm at Rs. 326. Bapty Flour Mills are up to Rs. 66 premium.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	14 p.ct.	752½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	1 do.	800
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	630
EXCHANGE BANKS.	£	£			
Agra Bank.....	10,000	100	all	6 do.	118
Hong. and Shang. B. Corpor. 100	60,000	$125	all	17½ do.	£50
National Bank of India.....	37,320	£ 250	12½	5 do.	93

LAND COMPANIES.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Brenda, 1,082 tons, Captain G. Merrifield, sailed yesterday for Calcutta in ballast.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Cubia, 1,408 tons, Captain G. Bellwood, sailed yesterday for Galle in ballast.

THE steamer Inchmornish, 1,208 tons, Captain W. Saunders, arrived in harbour yesterday from Newport (12th Oct.), with a cargo of 2,372 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. James Mackintosh and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Simla, 1,039 tons, Captain O. R. Mitchell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Persian Gulf via Karrachee with a general cargo 25 chests opium, 167 horses, and the following passengers :—Lieutenant Genl. Hon. C.J. Merriman, Mr. R. Blyth, Mr. Yeend, Mr. A. Amir, Mr. Alibin Ahmed, Mrs Coulter, Mrs. Marden, two native gentlemen, and 82 deck.

DEPARTURE OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P. and O. Co's steamer Sutlej, 2,135 tons, Captain A. H. Johnson, will sail to-day for China, &c. with China and Australian Mails, general cargo, and the following passenger. For Melbourne :—Miss Ida Butler, and Miss Clerk. For Sydney.—Mrs. Miller, Mr. G. H. Jenkinson, and Col. Bowlby. For Hongkong.—Mr. N. Kikabhoy. For Yokohama—Mr. Crawford. For Calcutta—Col. Filgate. For Shanghai.—Mr M. Mos, and Mr D. Mooso. For Colombo—Mr and Mrs Lidbetter and Mr C. Dadabhoy.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
14	Simla (s)	Mitchell ...	Bassorah, Nov. 1.
	Inchmornish (s) ...	Saunders ...	Newport, Oct. 12.
	Cuba (s)	.....	Penarth.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander.	Destination.
14	Bhownuggur (s) ..	Nacoda ...	Bhownuggur.
	H. M. S. Serapis..	Douglas ...	England.
	Brenda (s)	Merrifield ...	Calcutta.
	Surat (s)	Edwards....	Marseilles, &c.
	Cuba (s)	Bellwood ...	Galle.

The steamer Sutlej, Johnson, to China, obtained her port-clearance yesterday.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Euphrates, to Kattywar Coast and Kurrachee, Chilka, to Rangoon and Moulmein.

Ship Trafalgar, to Calcutta.

CALCUTTA.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 10.—Steamers Tibre, Almora, Pelican & Newnham.

DAILY IMPORTS.—NOVEMBER 14.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Werneth Hall s—3 packages earthenware, Soomar Veera; 3 packages earthenware, M. Ayoob; 25 cases yellow metal sheets, Killick, Nixon and Co.; 60 cases steel, Jamsetjee Framjee.

Clan Cameron s—109 boxes bar soap, H. Moosa Hussan.

City of Manchester s—29 kegs emerald green, T. Chandabhoy and Co.

Nubia s—3 packages earthenware, Khimjee Tharoo.

FROM GLASGOW.

Nubia s—2,332 plates hard spelter, Hurridass, Goouldass.

FROM LONDON.

Rosetta s—25 cases brass sheets, Nabobbhoy Mahomedally.

China s—3 cases oilmanstores, A. Hoosein Moosajee; 40 barrels cement, Greaves, Cotton and Co; 6 bales paper, A. Hoosein Abdoolally; 97 packages dry yellow ochre, Jeewanbhoy Hahoobhoy; 17 packages medicines, &c, Treacher and Co; 8 casks stationery, A. Hoosein Alibhoy; 9 cases oilmanstores, M. Moola Vullijee; 4 cases confectionery, Mohamedally Nusmoodin; 11 packages stationery, Nurserally Cumroodin; 25 runlets coal tar, Tyebjee Esmailjee; 25 casks fuse, M. Noorbhoy; 60 barrels beer, D. Cowasjee; 20 cases stout, E. Latham and Co; 20 casks fuse, M. M. Mody and Co.

Sutlej s—23 cases cheese, soap, medicines, &c., S. Hiptoola: 11 cases oilmanstores and cheese, A. Hiptoola; 18 packages stationery and copying press, A. H. Alybhoy; 158 packages medicine, oilmanstores, &c., E. Hossoojee and Co.; 18 cases provisions, Esmailjee Currimjee; 19 packages paper, S. A. S. Dawood; 5 cases aniline dye, A. Mussabeck and Co; 70 packages bacon and cheese, Treacher and Co; 5 cases paper, A. Abdool Rahim and Co; 8 cases confectionery, A. Hoosein Moosajee; 18 cases oilmanstores and soap, E. Hossoojee; 280 kegs paint of sorts, N. Surrafally and Co; 5 cases confectionery, M. Moolla Vullijee; 14 packages candles, oilmanstores, &c., G. Isowanjee and Co; 23 cases oilmanstores, bacon and cheese, D. Burjorjee Wania; 25 cases copper sheets, Benn, Ashley and Co; 12 cases liquors, Green and Read.

Kangra s—34 cases brandy, Jamsetjee Dadabhoy.

FROM TRIESTE.

Orion s—3 cases aniline dye, Gopaljee Mooljee.

Titania s—2 packages earthenware, Fazull Dossa.

FROM VENICE.

Nizam s—5 cases glass beads, A. Hoosein S. Moomanjee.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Colombo s—76 cases brandy, J. Framjee.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Colombo s—66 cases brandy, D. Cavasjee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 14.

FOR LONDON.

Surat s—20 bundles ivory, Ebram Passiance; 7 bundles ivory, Mooljee Govindjee.

FOR ANTWERP.

Schaldis s—1,358 cwts groundnuts, Punnett and Co.

Lilburn Tower s—1,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR HULL.

Othello s—1,000 cwts linseed, F. Masotti and Co; 1,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

Clan Munro s—3,101 cwts gingilysood, Lang, Moir and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Clan Cameron s—2,000 cwts wheat, Raili Brothers.

Lismacrieve s—6,000 cwts mowra flowers, Raili Brothers.

FOR HONGKONG.

Sutlej s—1 box Jambazine, Currimbhoy Ebram; 25 chests opium, the P. and O. Co; 16 chests opium, Jeraj Cheteram; 12 chests opium, Tarachund Lachmeeya; 21 chests opium, Tarachund Lachmeeya; 160 chests opium, David [illegible] Rajee Essac Ellias; [illegible] 23 chests [illegible] opium, S. [illegible] Co; [illegible]

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,

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ESPLANADE ROAD, OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER

AN EARLY INSPECTION SOLICITED.

Price &c &c &c

Prices as previously advised, on the two years system

Plain square Piano ..... Rs. 33 per month or Rs. 750

Sympathetic square ..... 36 ,, or ,, 825

Semi-grand, on three legs.. 60 ,, or ,, 1,375

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

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[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED].

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

GRIFFITH—November 13, at Maesgwyn, Poona, the wife of Colonel Griffith, of a son.

PETIT—November 13, at "Byramjee Hall," Mazagon, Mrs. Bomanjee Dinshaw Petit, of a son.

DEATH.

THOMAS—November 2, at Quetta, Daisy Edith, youngest daughter of Captain Dacres Thomas, 1st Bombay Lancers.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

MANUEL—November 10, at Raebareli, the wife of Mr. Manuel, Superintendent, Commissioner's Office, of a son.

DEATHS.

MUDGE—November 7, at Lucknow, Henry Thomas Mudge, Conductor, D. P. W., aged 41 years.

WALKER—On or about the 23rd October, off Port Said, homeward bound, Phillip Walker, Major, The Border Regiment, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Mussoory, Meean Meer, aged 41 years.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*.

Bombay Gazette

must be admitted, is not entirely discreditable. General Gordon's is—or was—no ordinary personality, and people were often disposed to judge him from something other than an ordinary standpoint. He was a hero, and to our heroes we usually concede a prescriptive right to tolerably extensive charters of indemnity. He was a splendid example of all the virtues of the soldier's profession save one. He was brave and generous. No toil was too arduous for him; no duty too exacting. If he was a sample of the very best stuff of which soldiers are made in modern days, he was a sample also of the stuff of which confessors were made in the ages that are past. With him self-preservation was a missing instinct which had been replaced by the exactly opposite instinct of self-sacrifice. Add to all this that he had the antecedents of a conqueror—that with a cane in his hand he had once led an army which popular admiration had named "the Ever Victorious"—and there was more than enough material for the construction of a legend captivating to the imagination and—we must add—misleading to the judgment. Whether he be alive or dead, whether he have failed or whether he ultimately succeed, it is no injustice to General Gordon to assert that, with certain notable exceptions, people have thought too much of the man and too little of his mission. The exceptions are Her Majesty's Ministers. If they had taken more careful thought concerning the man, they would never have sent him on such a mission.

It is necessary, now that the reports concerning General Gordon have once more provoked a good deal of obviously inappropriate comment upon him and the course that the Government have pursued in regard to him, to recall the conditions under which he was sent to the Soudan. The view which finds favour amongst the less reasonable and the less impartial people at home is that he was sent to the Soudan to carry out the behests of the Government; that he left England relying upon their countenance and support in all circumstances; and that when dangers encompassed him and his enemies closed in upon him, the men who sent him on his mission basely left him to his fate. That is the story that we should expect to hear from a hundred platforms to-morrow if a general election were to take place. But the story as told in General Gordon's instructions is very different. He was sent to Egypt, Mr. Gladstone plainly declared in the House of Commons last April, in order to ascertain the best means of executing the evacuation of the Soudan, and to submit a report on the subject; and it was understood from the first that the Government were not to interfere unless a clear necessity arose, and that General Gordon was at liberty to withdraw whenever he chose. Still more emphatic were Lord Hartington's declarations on the same occasion. "General Gordon left this country," he said, "with a clear and distinct understanding, repeated over and over again by myself, that the mission which he was going to undertake was one which he must be prepared to accomplish with such resources as he might find on the spot; and he distinctly understood that it was no part of the policy of the Government in despatching him to risk having to send a fresh expedition for the relief of Khartoum or any of the Soudan garrisons." Here then are the beginnings of General Gordon's mission. No mission could have been more circumscribed—more free, in its origin at any rate, from even the germ principles of that larger enterprise of which we were now and again reminded by reports of conflicts on the White Nile, of battles in which the combatants were numbered in tens of thousands, of incidents in a plan of campaign which is best summed up in General Gordon's own phrase "Smash the Mahdi." If he has fallen in his effort to accomplish that programme, if it seems to some amongst the millions of his countrymen who yield an unstinted admiration to his heroism that he has been deserted by the Government who sent him to the Soudan—will they bear in mind that he was not commissioned to "Smash the Mahdi" or anyone else, that there was nothing in his instructions which enjoined him to take arms, and that he was sent to Khartoum to negotiate and not to fight? As to the responsibility of the Government in regard to General Gordon, we take it that that was, strictly speaking, limited by the terms of his commission. They were responsible for his safety so long as he was engaged within those limits. But it is seriously open to dispute whether the obligations of a Government in regard to its agent are enlarged by the time the agent, *proprio motu*, gives an enlarged scope to his mission. The Government, for reasons which we can easily understand, have never taken this stringent view of the [illegible] would have [illegible] that

difficult, if not impossible, to hire coolies even for the necessary work. In some villages all the women are down with the fever, and as they are the preparers of food the result is that the men are under-fed, even when they are not themselves stricken with the epidemic. The native way of dealing with fever in that region is similar to what prevails throughout India generally. The patient lies down and waits till the fever goes away or proves fatal, a minimum of food for nourishment of any kind being alone taken. This form of the anti-phlogistic treatment carries off those who otherwise would recover, and even when recovery takes place, leaves a legacy of spleen and general debility as after-effects. Some of the municipal bodies in the Eastern Punjab have issued instructions to all and sundry to attend to their clothing and diet, keeping themselves warm and well-fed. But where the warm clothing and the adequate food are to be obtained just now under the circumstances is not set down in the official instructions. The heavy rains which fell in the affected districts at the close of the rainy season are undoubtedly the chief cause of the prevalence of fever. But the epidemic could be encountered with great ease if only the good food and warm clothing spoken of could be procured by the population at large. This is shown pretty conclusively by the fact that the native children in the Ludhiana Mission Home are effectually protected from fever epidemics when they are prevailing all around, by the regulations enforced by the energetic Lady Superintendent, Miss West, who provides extra clothing and more nourishing food when such emergencies arise. In some of the districts the mortality is so great that the survivors, weakened as they are by fever, are scarcely able to inter the dead. Even in a Mahomedan village a considerable number of bodies was left in the cemetery uncovered—a great scandal from the Mussulman point of view. Throughout the northern districts of the Punjab, where but little rain fell, the general health is good, and no fever epidemic prevails.

THE Resolutions of the Bombay Government have one point of resemblance with the great Nasmyth steam hammer—they can deal with the greatest subjects and with the smallest. The question whether a member of a club should be permitted to purchase wine or beer at his club "to be drunk off the premises" will probably be considered as rather of the "cracking a nut" species of difficulty, but it is successfully dealt with in the Resolution printed in another column. The correspondence which has culminated in this State deliverance originated in a piteous and very amusing petition of the liquor-sellers of Poona against certain recent Abkari regulations, in which it was declared, amongst other things, that the memorialists "earnestly and respectfully urged and impressed upon His Excellency's best and earliest, and we may then conclusively presume, most favourable, consideration" that the Club of Western India, in Poona, was a sort of trade rival, and ought either to shut up shop or pay for its license like an honest tradesman. The local Sir Robert Hazlewood who drafted the petition hinted at various other dark practices in the nature of surreptitious bottles of wine having been known to pass from bungalow to bungalow. Of course the whole thing is moonshine, but that is no reason why there should not be a long Government Resolution upon it, with the impressive conclusion that while His Excellency in Council considers it unnecessary to make further inquiry into the turpitude of members of clubs mixing their liquor, he deems it expedient to remind them that unless they possess a licence (a highly probable contingency surely) any sales made by them to persons who are not members would be illegal. As probably half a dozen bottles, if not a dozen, change hands in this manner in the course of a year, we hope that this reminder from Government to members of "clubs in the Bombay Presidency" will receive the careful attention its importance deserves.

WITH THE ZHOB FIELD FORCE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

SAIFULLA, Nov. 2.

LEAVING Akhtarzai on the 27th, our road led towards a bluff in the southern range, mounted orderlies being placed at intervals to mark the points to be made for to avoid the wet fields. After passing these we turned sharp round the bluff close to running water, and thence headed for an opening in a spur of the hills, and halted for breakfast at about six miles after crossing a karez, from which spot, and about two miles north of us, was the town and fort of Shah Jehan. The latter is large, the usual run of such buildings in these [illegible] appeared not to possess any [illegible]

Topping the left bank, we passed through similar tamarisk and heather for three miles, whence we got, from amidst sand hillocks and then through fields, to camp at Khojee, close to a brook which, rising in the adjacent northern range, is carried to the fields in the plain round the base of the outer spurs close to camp. Two of these spurs were occupied by pickets. At the foot of a third, less than a mile from camp and within a few hundred yards of one to which a picket must have been marching at the time, an unfortunate bandsman of the 45th Sikhs was murdered by two Pathans armed with tulwars, who unfortunately got away unscathed. It seems the poor fellow had gone out with a driver to search for fuel, and that both were defenceless. Seeing his companion cut down, the driver bolted and informed a man of the camel guard, who saw the murderers making off, but out of shot.

Next morning the 5th Punjab Cavalry and 45th Sikhs proceeded to reconnoitre towards Hindoo Bagh, and the 10th Bengal Cavalry with the 4th Punjabees, accompanied by Lieutenant Wahab, R.E., Mr. Scott, and the Survey parties left for the northern ranges. As I write—2nd November—both forces are marching in, and I hope to give you details of their doings in my next; but I believe this part of the Survey operations has been less satisfactory than was anticipated, as it is said that nothing could be seen but a succession of peaks and ranges.

Sir Robert Sandeman's prompt and vigorous coercive measures have produced immediate and, politically speaking, very satisfactory results, inasmuch as all the Zhob maliks of note have submitted, and are now in the Political camp. Shah Jehan, by abandoning the country to its fate, has, for all practical purposes, abdicated. It is believed that on this ground the maliks are now discussing with Sir Robert the measures best calculated for the future management of affairs, and Shahbaz Khan's prospects of success to the throne are undoubtedly looking up. As I have already informed you, he is a cousin of Shah Jehan's. He says that he was dispossessed when a boy, and that Shah Jehan had decided to secure the succession to his own son.

We marched back to this place yesterday, 1st November, and as I had seen Chinkara, Ubara, and Nare on the forward journey, I made for the river to get some shooting. So following down a huge nulla I arrived at length on the river bank, a precipitous cliff about a hundred feet high, which goes to prove that the "put" formation about these parts is of enormous depth, as the river is still running over and cutting its way through "put." The other bank was half-a-mile distant, and between was a mound of tamarisk-covered "put" a mile in circumference, round which the river flowed on both sides. Having, after much difficulty, found a path higher up I descended to the water, and walked along the river for four or five miles without seeing any game, but came across grazing camels here and there. Thence, concluding there were inhabitants, and having no means of ascertaining if they belonged to what old books of travel classified as "friendly tribes," I resolved not to be caught like a rat in a pit, and imitated the American general who, exhorting his brave army to strike for home and country, struck for home. A direct route was impossible, as a succession of impracticable nullahs and karezes barred my path. Eventually I came across a Pathan, who, acting as guide, accompanied me to within a few miles of camp; and I can therefore state from personal experience that no shorter path exists between Khojee and Saifulla than the one by the base of the southern range.

THE CAPTURE OF A DACOIT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, NOV. 13.

KATTI CHANNYA has been captured by Mr. M. Kennedy, the District Superintendent of Police, Kaladgi, in the village of Jalkatti. I understand that Mr. Kennedy left Kaladgi at 11 a.m. on Sunday the 2nd, and rode some sixty miles into the Nizam's territory to the village of Jalkatti, which he reached at 3 a.m. on Monday. He had with him ten sowars and some footmen, who reached the village an hour later. Mr. Kennedy surrounded the village with his sowars, and a house in which Katti Channya was said to be was pointed out to him. He had to be very careful, as the people of the village were all in favour of the dacoit. Suddenly a head was seen to "bob" up from behind a wall, and it was at once recognized as Katti Channya's. The house was searched and found to be empty. The patel of the village did everything he could to help the dacoit. A villager, however, informed a sowar where Katti Channya was concealed, and the patel then said to a police sepoy, "Go in and look for yourself." The man imprudently did so, without telling Mr. Kennedy, who, however, soon heard an alarm. He dismounted and ran into the house followed by some sepoys. There he found Katti C[illegible] ing with his sword at the sepoy w[illegible] first, the sepoy clinging to [illegible] of the men who had come in [illegible] covered Katti Channya [illegible] ceased hacking his victi[illegible] carried outside, [illegible] nearly severed at [illegible] bad wounds in th[illegible] anxious to take [illegible] him to surrende[illegible] intend to d[illegible] sahe[illegible] w[illegible]

TELEGRAMS.

THE SESSIONS JUDGE OF BANGALORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, Nov. 14.

Colonel Tredway Clark has taken over charge of the Civil and Sessions Court of Bangalore from Colonel Thompson, who proceeds on furlough.

GAZETTE NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Nov. 14.

Dr. R. M. Meiklejohn is appointed Civil Surgeon at Chindwara, Central Provinces.

Colonel E. R. Branfell, of the Survey Department, retires.

Mr. D. M. Smeaton gives up charge in Burma for the N. W. Provinces.

The Raja of Sussang, Mymensingh, becomes Maharaja.

Mr. Mahomet Seedik becomes Vice-Consul for Persia at Kurrachee.

The bullion report is issued as a Resolution. No gold has been coined in India during the last year, the mohurs being sufficient to meet the demand for gold. The net import of gold into India was five crores forty-six lakhs against nearly five crores last year. The Bombay mint coined no gold. The amount of silver received in the Calcutta mint from private persons for coinage was ninety-one lakhs, in Bombay three hundred and seventeen lakhs. One and one-third crore of silver was coined during the year in Calcutta, and two-and-a-half crores in Bombay, the coinage being much smaller than in the previous year. The loss on the cost of working both mints was the same as in previous average years, namely, six lakhs.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE REPORTED DEATH OF GENERAL GORDON.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, replying, to a question in the Commons, said that Sir Evelyn Baring discredits the news received by M. Ferry of General Gordon's death.

ADVANCE OF THE MAHDI ON DONGOLA.

The Mudir of Dongola telegraphs that 12,000 of the Mahdi's men are marching against Dongola.

THE SUPPLEMENTARY CREDITS.

The supplementary credits on account of Egypt and Bechuanaland have been voted.

LORD DUFFERIN.

Lord Dufferin and party sailed yesterday in the steamer Tasmania.

SIR LEPEL GRIFFIN.

Sir Lepel Griffin left for India on the 11th instant.

LORD KIMBERLEY ON INDIAN FRONTIER POLICY.

Lord Kimberley, speaking at Bristol yesterday, said the Government desired to retain the friendship of the Afghans, in view of the approach of Russia to our Indian frontier, though, his lordship said, he shared the confidence Earl Dufferin had in M. de Giers. He highly eulogised the administration of the Marquis of Ripon during his Viceroyalty. Lord Kimberley further stated that the policy of the Government was to fix a strong Afghan frontier, notwithstanding the friendly relations existing between Great Britain and Russia. His lordship also said that the British Government was not unmindful of its obligation to place the British forces in India in a position to be used with the greatest advantage and rapidity, and that the strength of India would be in the extension of railways.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, Nov. 13.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. s. Huzara, homeward bound from Bombay, Kurrachee, and Malabar Coast, left here this evening.

SUEZ, Nov. 13.

The Hall Line steamer Rydal Hall, outward bound for Bombay, left here this afternoon.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

The Liverpool Cotton market to-day closed strong. Surats showed an hardening tendency.

Good Fair Dhollera ..... 4¼d.

The London Cotton market to-day closed firm.

The Manchester market has been firm.

4½ per cent. Renten 107⅛

3 ,, Consols for account 100⅝

Bar Silver 49

3½ per cent. Sterling Loan 104

,, Government Securities 79

,, ... 81

...of England returns for the week ending ...show the following results :—

...s and gold and silver coin in the ...t combined, £29,850,000 ; increase

...,000 ; decrease £500,000.

... banking and issue de...00 ; unchanged.

...ities, 39 per cent.

...ON REPORT.

70,000 bales.

3,000 ,,

,000 ,,

00 ,,

announcement that the Lieutenant-Governor will re-appoint, as members of the Council, the Hon. Mr. C. P. L. Macaulay, Secretary in the Financial Department, and Colonel the Hon. S. T. Trevor, Secretary in the Public Works Department, for a further period of office. For the two other vacant memberships, the *Englishman* understands that the appointments will be given to Mr. A. P. MacDonnell, Secretary in the General and Revenue Departments, and to Maulvi Abdul Jabbar, Deputy Magistrate of Patna, who entered the Subordinate Executive service so long ago as April, 1859. The Calcutta paper thinks the Lieutenant-Governor has exercised a wise discretion in the selection of the members as well as in re-appointing the old members, as the latter have at present several important Bills under their special charge.

Ed. H. LAZARUS," the Magi of the East," writes to the *Rangoon Times* :—"Having joined an Italian magician as a confederate, we were travelling from place to place, and at last went to the Coromandel coast near Madras, where the magician took me to a distance of half an hour's walk into the jungle on the north of Pulicat. We both sat down upon the pebbly and sandy plain, and the magician having uttered a spell, we suddenly found ourselves in the midst of a garden, like one of the gardens of Paradise, abounding with flowers and fruit trees of every kind, springing up from a soil covered with verdure brilliant as the emerald, and irrigated by numerous streamlets of the purest water. A repast of the most delicious viands and fruit was spread before us by invisible hands, and we both ate and drank to satiety like Good Templars, taking copious draughts of the various wines. At length I sank into a deep sleep, and when I awoke I found myself again in the pebbly and sandy plain, with the magician still by my side. In conclusion, will any of the readers believe that magicians are possessed of devils ? I will answer yes, as the above is a true narrative." To this the editor adds a note to the effect that "mid-day tiffins in the open air often produce very strange results."

A TARDY recognition, says the *Englishman*, appears at last to have been made by the Government of India of the services rendered by some gentlemen in connexion with the exhibits of economic products of India at the late Calcutta Exhibition. The Resolution of the Government itself is but very short, and simply states that "the Government of India desires to record its appreciation of the help afforded to it by the officers and private gentlemen named in the appended list, without whose cordial co-operation it would have been impossible, in the very limited time allowed, to have accomplished the work with any measure of success." The gentlemen whose services the Government of India would more particularly desire to acknowledge are the Forest Officers of Madras, Bengal, Burma, Assam, and the Central Provinces ; Mr. F. Watts, Superintendent of the Botanical Gardens at Saharanpore ; Mr. J. B. Fuller, Director of Agriculture in the Central Provinces ; Babu Lachman Prosad Barman, Superintendent of the Government Farm at Cawnpore ; Babu Amlea Dutt Joshi, of Almora ; Babu Mohendranath Bhuttacharjya, Deputy Magistrate of Bogra ; Dr. Mudin Sarif, of Madras ; Mr. J. Murray, Curator of the Municipal Museum at Kurrachee ; Dr. Macdonald, Curator of the Victoria and Albert Museum at Bombay ; and Babu Ajadhya Prosad, Deputy Magistrate of Shahjehanpore. The names of the vice-president of the Ahmednuggur Municipality, Khan Bahadur Nussserwanjee Cursetjee, Surgeon-Major W. Dymock, and Mr. A. D. Wilkins, District Forest Officer, South Thana, are also mentioned in the *Gazette of India* as among the contributors.

AMERICAN society seems to have been disturbed a good deal lately by some elopements of rich young ladies with men of the menial class. One paper represents a millionaire and his wife exchanging a few words indirectly referring to the subject before retiring for the night. "Are the girls locked up ?" asks the gentleman. "Yes." "And the coachman chained ?" "Yes." "Well, then, we might as well chloroform the gardener and go to bed."

MR. LALMOHUN GHOSE entertained a number of his friends who are favourable to his candidature as a Liberal candidate for an English constituency at breakfast on Oct. 23 at the National Liberal Club. Mr. Ghose explained the circumstances which induced his countrymen to desire that he should endeavour to obtain a seat in the House of Commons, and expressed his intention to offer himself when the opportunity occurred as a supporter of the Liberal party. Messrs. Gourley, M.P., Firth, M.P., Arthur Williams, P. W. Bunting, Chesson, and Canon MacColl took part in the discussion which ensued, and on the motion of Mr. W. Digby, C.I.E., seconded by Mr. P. W. Clayden, it was resolved that a general committee be formed for the purpose of promoting Mr. Ghose's candidature. Several places which seemed likely to present an opening for making the experiment were mentioned.

INTELLIGENCE received at Vienna from Suakim states that the journey of Colonel Chermside and several staff officers to Massowah in the gunboat Gaffarieh has given rise in the Red Sea port to rumours that a secret treaty has been concluded between England and Egypt ceding the whole of the Soudanese coast to England. The occupation of Barbera by a detachment of British troops from Suakim was regarded as the first step towards the execution of this treaty. It also was rumoured that Massowah was to be definitely [illegible] there seems

H. E. THE GOVERNOR IN SIND.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

KURRACHEE, Nov. 11.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR yesterday morning made an inspection of the harbour and its defences which lasted from 7 a. m. till nearly 1 o'clock. His Excellency who was accompanied by Mr. Erskine, General Merriman, Mr. Price, the Port Engineer, Colonel Wallace, Captain Bishop, Port Officer, Mr. Edgerley, Mr. Campbell, Superintendent S. P. and D. Railway, and Captain Dean, started from the Native Jetty in a steam-launch and went down the harbour and outside the breakwater, Mr. Price meanwhile explaining, with the aid of charts and maps, the improvements that have taken place in the harbour within the past twenty-five years, and pointing out Sir Andrew Clarke's scheme for the creation of docks, etc. The party on their return into the harbour landed, and after a visit to the Port Engineer's office, where matters of business were further discussed, adjourned to Mr. Price's bungalow at Manora, where they were entertained at breakfast. Subsequently the lighthouse was visited, and at about a quarter to eleven the party once more embarked on board the steam-launch and proceeded to the Merewether Pier, where an Anchor Line steamer, the Belgravia, which can carry 9,000 tons of cargo, is lying, and where H. E. was met by Mr. Benedict, Chief Engineer of the S. P. and D. Railway, who pointed out all that was to be seen at Keamari in connection with the import and export trade of the port. At the termination of the visit His Excellency and party were conveyed in a special train along the Keamari loop line to the McCleod station, where carriages were in waiting to convey them to the Residency.

At half-past two His Excellency received a visit from the ex-Wali of Kandahar, and subsequently deputations from the Chamber of Commerce, the Sind Sabha, and the Sind Branch of the Mahomedan Association. The following was the address presented on behalf of the Chamber of Commerce :—

To His Excellency The Right Honorable Sir James Fergusson, Bart., K.C.M.G., C.I.E., Governor of Bombay.

May it please Your Excellency,—We, the members of the Kurrachee Chamber of Commerce, beg to congratulate your Excellency most heartily on behalf of the mercantile community, on this the occasion of the second visit of your Excellency to the Province of Sind ; and the members regard this visit as an evidence of the personal interest taken by your Excellency in the development and welfare of this port.

The trade of Kurrachee, as your Excellency is no doubt aware, has, within the last few years, very largely increased, and has contributed, in no small degree, to the extraordinary development of the export of wheat from this country to Europe.

The wheat shipments from Kurrachee have risen from 22,000 cwts. in 1876-79, to 4,377,000 cwts. in 1883-84. The exports in oilseeds, too, have increased from 230,000 cwts. to 1,700,000 cwts., while there has also been a corresponding development in imports, generally, during the same period.

These combined influences have occasioned a most serious strain on the present available resources of our harbour ; and the members of the Chamber view with deep concern the necessity that now exists for providing the additional anchorage and wharfage accommodation, required to meet the yearly increasing trade of the port.

It has, therefore, been with much interest that the mercantile community have watched, from time to time, the result of the several representations that have been made by the Kurrachee Harbour Board to the Provincial Government, through the Commissioner in Sind ; and although these representations have not, so far, commended themselves to your Excellency, the members venture to hope that the present visit will lead to a favorable and definite solution of the important questions involved.

The members of the Chamber, therefore, availing themselves of your Excellency's presence, take this opportunity, respectfully, to record their opinion in regard to the important question of harbour improvements.

The members are unanimously of opinion, that in the absence of assistance from Government for improvements in the harbour, the Port can make little, if any, progress. Liberal concessions have been granted from Imperial funds to older and wealthier cities in India, such as Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, and Rangoon ; and the growing importance, and increasing commerce of the port would seem to justify the members of the Chamber in expecting similar concessions for Kurrachee.

The harbour is still in its infancy. Therefore, to leave it to its own resources, or make it over to a Port Trust in its present incomplete state, would be, in the opinion of the members, not only to delay indefinitely the execution of the improvements and extensions that are so urgently required, but also to prevent full advantage being taken of what has already been done.

Wherefore, the members of the Chamber concur with the Kurrachee Harbour Board in expressing a hope, that before a board of trustees is formed, Government will be pleased, not only to undertake the execution of such works as were contemplated in the original plan of the harbour improvements, namely, the removal of Deep Water Point, and the curved extension of the groyne ; but also to grant the following concessions :—

1st.—That the outlay already incurred for the benefit of the Port, be not treated as a debt, and recoverable from the Trustees, but that the property be made over to the Trustees unencumbered, and without reserve.

2nd.—That a loan of not less than 25 lakhs of rupees be advanced by Government at four per cent. interest per annum.

3rd.—That the dredging grant promised for ten years be continued for that period.

4th.—That the contribution toward the expenses of the Tug Manora be paid as hitherto.

On these conditions the members consider the Port would have a fair prospect of making progress, and in view of the commercial importance of Kurrachee, the concessions asked for do not seem to them larger than the interests at stake would appear to warrant.

The members are glad to learn, from a recent Resolution of the Government of India, that as Government will shortly have a more direct interest in the Sind, Punjaub and Delhi Railway Company, they are most desirous that all improvements should follow a general plan, and that divergent interests [illegible]

dually passed. We therefore submit that when the Act was extended to Sind, a special provision should have been made to preserve the rights of Zemindars also, as they stand in the same position as the Khotes. The results of the extension of this Act and the Surveys and Settlements consequent thereon, have been disastrous for this useful class, whom the Government have shown every desire to foster, for may be judged from the several Acts passed as their relief from indebtedness. We would therefore respectfully invite an enquiry into their usages and rights, and the operation of the Survey and Settlement on their position.

It is our duty to bring to your Excellency's notice that there is a general complaint of over-assessment on lands which have been the subject of revised settlements. The matter however is hardly one to be dealt with adequately in a brief address like this, and we therefore reserve it for a separate representation.

The Commissioner in Sind did us the honor to ask for our opinion on the question of assessment on sub-soil water, and doubtless our opinion was communicated to your Excellency's Government. We have little to add to that memorandum, and we still trust your Excellency will recognize the almost insurmountable difficulty of assessing, even approximately, the advantage of sub-soil water except where wells subsist, and the inexpediency, where they do subsist and such assessment can be made, of lending color to the belief that all wells are taxed by Government, and of thereby retarding and discouraging agricultural improvements.

Your Excellency is aware, that the whole of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, excepting section 104, is in force in the whole of this Province, exclusive of Thar and Parkar. But there is no reason that we are aware of, why section 104, which prohibits the levying, during the year in which a revised settlement is introduced, of excess rates imposed at such settlements, should not be extended to Sind, while it is in full force in the rest of the Presidency. The principle it embodies is a principle of equity, and its non-observance has caused considerable dissatisfaction. We feel confident, that your Excellency would not suffer such an equitable provision, to be restricted in its operation to the Presidency proper alone.

Turning now from the Revenue to the Judicial Department, we most respectfully invite your Excellency's particular attention to the following few points :—

Excluding Thar and Parkar, there are in Sind fourteen Subordinate Civil Courts, exercising Civil Jurisdiction over no less than [illegible] square miles ; in other words we have one Sub-Judge for every 2,520 square miles of territory. There are on the other hand fifty-one Second Class Magistrates, who also exercise Bench powers, each presiding over an average area of 91 square miles. This wide area of the Courts causes extreme inconvenience, trouble, harassment and expense to civil litigants, as well to complainants, accused, and witnesses in criminal cases. We would fain hope that your Excellency will see the advisability of remedying this grievance to a certain extent, as well as the admitted evil of combining judicial and executive duties in one and the same functionary, by appointing a set of officers exercising both civil and criminal jurisdiction, but without any revenue powers, in each revenue Taluka.

The next point which, with your Excellency's permission, we venture to touch upon, is the low status, limited salary, and unattractive prospects, of the uncovenanted judiciary in Sind. At present there is no Small Cause Court for the kind disposition which has of late shown through our worthy Commissioner Mr. Erskine, in recognizing the Mahomedan claims in the filling of a few offices which lately fell vacant, and we trust that this kind disposition towards the Mahomedans will continue, as it serves as a great stimulus to them for education, which is so necessary on political grounds that they should get.

The Governor, in reply, said :—

Gentlemen,—I receive with pleasure the representations of the most numerous section of the people of Sind and of a society which is founded to ameliorate their condition. Government is well aware of and have much regretted, the comparative backwardness in modern education of Mahomedans. They see with regret that members of that community do not obtain that share in public employment which would correspond with their numbers and their history. But I need not tell you, educated gentlemen, that to a great extent this failure is rather the fault of the Mahomedans themselves than of Government. Our schools are as open to them as to others, and Government are ready to aid purely Mahomedan schools, if the community prefer to establish such. We have indeed given exceptional aid to the schools of the Anjumanes-Islam in Bombay ; but I fear that it would be unfair to the other sections of the community were we to endow many schools so liberally. I would rather hope that you will use your influence to induce your people to be more energetic in taking advantage of the opportunities offered by Government. It is not owing to our want of will, but to the paucity of qualified candidates, that Mahomedans are not more frequently employed in the Education Department. I was glad to notice at the High Schools that there were more than 50 Mahomedan boys. I am sure that you do not think that they are humiliated by going there, and I trust that their numbers give promise of a revival of learning among your high race and caste, which has been in time past so famous in scholarship as in power.

At 4-30 p.m. the Governor performed the ceremony of laying the foundation-stone of the Municipal Market which is intended for the use of the camp and cantonments. A guard of honour of the Worcestershire Regiment was in attendance, and a salute of 17 guns was fired on the ground by the Royal Artillery on His Excellency's arrival. As soon as the stone was declared "well and truly laid," His Excellency delivered the following short address :—

Mr. Commissioner, Colonel Wallace, ladies, and gentlemen,—I am very glad that I should have an opportunity during my visit of assisting at the commencement of a work of public utility. So many such works are being carried out [illegible] if the Governor were to [illegible] visits would need [illegible] of a large and convenient [illegible] addition to that [illegible] convenient [illegible] traders [illegible] every [illegible] by [illegible]

chiefly the work of private benevolence. With regard to the Port Trust, you may safely leave to that body the representation of their interests. We shall desire to have the great interests concerned adequately represented, and I trust that their administration will conduce largely to the welfare of the city, the Province, and the Empire itself.

The address of the Sind Branch of the Central Mahomedan National Association said :—

We hail your Excellency's visit to this chief city of the Province of Sind, and beg to avail ourselves of the opportunity so fortunately afforded to us, by bringing to your Excellency's notice the extreme backward state of education amongst the Mahomedans in this country.

Sind was ruled only about forty-two years ago by Mahomedans, but that period has unfortunately sufficed to bring about the decay of their community. Taking for instance the District of Kurrachee, it contains 3,90,000 Mahomedans and 69,000 Hindus, yet there is 1 in 25 Hindus, and 1 only in 350 Mahomedans in Government and aided institutions ; this shows that education has made no progress amongst the Mahomedans here, though it is now some time since the Government has been making steady efforts to promote education in this Presidency.

We submit that under the circumstances a special mode of treatment is necessary for the advancement of Mahomedan education.

There is no special school in this province, nor such special sub-inspectors as have been provided for, in other parts of the Presidency, the ordinary sub-inspectors being all Hindus with one exception.

The office of the Educational Inspector in Sind, which was formerly held by an officer, whose time was wholly devoted to the purposes of education, is now amalgamated with the duties of another office, the incumbent of which cannot of course be expected to do that justice to the post of Inspector, which an officer placed in sole charge of such an office is calculated to do.

We most respectfully beg to suggest that a special Madressa in some respects similarly to that established at Bombay, with the permanent Government aid supplemented by a suitable allowance from the Municipal Funds is a great desideratum in the Province, and should your Excellency be so pleased as to entertain a claim of the Province to a share of the exceptional boon, which the Government has conferred on Mahomedans in other parts of the Presidency, we venture to think that, under a properly exercised official influence, and under the guide of the Association to which we have the honour to belong, the Mahomedans, who count 80 per cent. in Sind, will be sufficiently aroused to the necessity of educating their children, and of raising a fund to which the aid from Government and the Municipality should be supplemented.

That a measure like that we have solicited, is conducive to the interests of the State from another point of view will, we hope, be shown in Sind where a large class of Mahomedan political pensioners and Jagirdhars, whose descendants have always remained and still remain under the impression that they can continue to be a burden on the State, whilst if they were given to a properly regulated Mahomedan school, where they could less scrupulously attend, they would in course of time be enabled to obtain situations in the departments of Government, instead of applying continually to the Government for support in the way of pensions, &c.

In conclusion we beg to tender the best thanks of the Mahomedan community including ourselves, to Government, for the kind disposition which has of late shown through our worthy Commissioner Mr. Erskine, in recognizing the Mahomedan claims in the filling of a few offices which lately fell vacant, and we trust that this kind disposition towards the Mahomedans will continue, as it serves as a great stimulus to them for education, which is so necessary on political grounds that they should get.

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whose intercourse with the leaders of native society, in such centres of influence as Bombay and Poona, was always marked by kindness and courtesy, and by an evident desire to meet all just aspirations. And then, again, I trust I may be allowed to refer to the scheme of local self-government which has lately been established, and in doing so I shall of course avoid any remarks that may savour of controversy. It was clearly open to officers of experience to form different estimates of the probable advantages of that scheme ; and different opinions have undoubtedly been held regarding it. But we are all united in thinking that, so far as this Presidency is concerned, while local self-government has been introduced in a spirit of perfect loyalty to the wishes of the Supreme Government, it has at the same time been surrounded with adequate safeguards, and that a policy of caution and moderation has been adopted in connection with it which is well calculated to ensure the successful attainment of the important objects the Government of India has in view. And now I would very briefly refer to two very recent measures which, though they have not attracted much general notice, still serve to show the spirit which animates His Excellency's Government. One is the recent Resolution which empowers sessions judges, in cases where the life of the prisoner depends on the verdict of the court, to provide him with legal assistance at the cost of the State. If he is too poor to pay for such aid himself. This order is recommended by its humanity, and it supplies also a defect in our criminal administration, the existence of which was felt to be a grave evil, and by no one more than by the Public Prosecutor in Sind, Mr. Constable, whom I am glad to see again amongst us. The other measure to which I refer is the system of trial by jury, which is now in force in this city in certain serious cases. The first trial under it was held by Colonel Grant only a few days ago. This will not only be regarded as a boon and a concession to popular wishes, but in its working will prove a valuable agent in the political education of the people, and induce a better appreciation than perhaps exists at present of our patient and impartial modes of administering justice. These, gentlemen, are a few only of those administrative measures of His Excellency's Government which demand respectful recognition from us. I said just now that we were honoured and pleased by His Excellency's visit. I may add, on behalf of us all, that we are sorry that his visit has been so short. We trust that it has been as agreeable to him as to us, and we trust that he will carry away from our shores only pleasant recollections of Kurrachee, and its people, and its club. Gentlemen, I call on you all to drink His Excellency's health.

His Excellency in responding said :—

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen,—I must express my hearty thanks, but also my surprise, for the kind and cordial reception I have received from you, and the kind way you have wished to pay a compliment to my office, but I could not have expected to be so cordially received by a numerous company. Some of you I have known elsewhere, and recognize with feelings of friendship, but some I meet for the first time ; and it is extremely gratifying that I have been greeted so kindly in this handsome entertainment. I congratulate you on possessing so commodious a place of meeting ; and it seems to me that your society owes much to those who founded the club and those who have developed it into a building which, like many in Kurrachee, makes the humbler edifices of the Presidency pale their ineffectual fires. The institution of a club is the more commendable as being a society and avoiding those jealousies which sometimes separate it. I have seen comparatively small stations, like Ratnagherry, pleasantly united by a club, and wherever one has been formed there is effaced the differences between civilians and soldiers, England and others ; so that our countrymen instead of being divided are united in bonds of good-fellowship. But, indeed, not only this club, but everything in Kurrachee, strikes me with a sense of amplitude. I do not know where the money comes from ; but whether in private bungalows or public buildings, there are elegancies and comforts to which we in the commonplace Presidency are strangers. I suppose that such advantages are necessary to compensate for the hardships of Sind, which for the future I shall be rather sceptical ; but either there must be a wonderful cheapness of material or the Public Works Department must have been got over in a way that I must have been wrong to have brought the Secretary to discover. I have been in the habit of supposing that Sind was a place of such suffering that only the existence of despseated attachments could induce the officers of Government to remain longer than they could help. But during my short visit I have discovered that it was pleasant, that, as I remember feeling in New York, if I did not extricate myself within the week I should inevitably remain for an indefinite period. As it is, the calls and duties have obliged me to make engagements which will rescue me from the vortex of pleasure ; and indeed the comings and goings of Viceroys have so circumscribed the time at my disposal that even the arrangements of a clever Military Secretary have failed to stretch longer the time at my disposal. My friend Mr. Birdwood has taunted me with having visited Kurrachee but twice in five years ; but the fact is that the time at my disposal for touring has been fully occupied in visiting the districts of the Presidency in successive years, so that I might become acquainted with the affairs of Government and the people of the country. But, gentlemen, I am happy in having gained so rapidly a high reputation in a very short time. Landing only on Saturday morning, I had before night distributed a considerable amount of currency in prizes at somebody else's expense. And to-day I have, it seems, achieved a better performance in activity by being carried about in barges in sailing in luxury that of Cleopatra and refreshed at short intervals by hospitality which it required the tonic atmosphere to enable one to digest. Here coffee, there wine-parties ; and all the time a bracing air enabled one to climb towers and survey waterways with unexhausted energies. I disbelieve henceforward in the hardships of Sind, and I begin to understand its attractions. Once more I regret that a short time denies me fresh and longer enjoyment of it. But, gentlemen, my learned friend, passing from gay to grave, has [illegible]

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A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,
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OUR GRAMME MACHINES have shown the BEST results at all Government Trials, at Woolwich, &c.

ELECTRIC MACHINES, for 10 Incandescent Lamps				Rs. 350
Do.	40	do.		,, 750
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SWAN'S AND OTHER INCANDESCENT LAMPS.
PATENT WICK CARBONS give a steadier light than any other Carbons.
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INSULATED CABLE, GLOBES and other accessories.
NOTE:—OUR MACHINES work with LOW TENSION currents and do not present the dangers of other system.
F. FISCHER,
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Perry Davis & Son Manufacturers and Proprietors Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.
UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.
IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND, And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.
AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM, has no equal
AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA,
Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.
Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retailed by chemists all over the world.
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GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY,
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
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It is therefore necessary to protect themselves, and due to their very large and much valued connection amongst Officers and Gentlemen of the Indian Services, that they should state that they still carry on their business at their old and only address,

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Will give relief from Cough, Cold, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis and Weak Chest.
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Is exceedingly beneficial in Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Ague in Children, Debility, and Sick Headache.
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Destroys this troublesome animal.
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Is a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Asiatic Cholera, Cholera Morbus Colic, Griping Pains, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, want of Appetite, and inability to Sleep.
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...y Swellings, Ulcers, Cancerous and other Tumours, Goitre Bronchocele ...eys, &c.
... AGUE MIXTURE
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SMALL STEAMERS & STEAM LAUNCHES

BUILT OF WOOD, IRON, OR STEEL.
Screw Steamers, with speeds ranging up to 26 miles an hour.
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Chairs, strong and light	Rs. 8 to 12 0	Marine Soap per tablet	,, 0 8
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(NOW STILL GOING ON)

They have the pleasure to state that they have CONSIDERABLY INCREASED their already large staff of ASSISTANTS thus affording greater facilities for better attending the demands of all constituents.

REDUCED PRICES.
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RARE GOODS AT LOW PRICES.
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PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the Clubs and Messes obtain their supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.
For List of Prices apply to
THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
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THE following consignment is just landed from the s. s. "City of Venice," shipped by the celebrated firm, Messrs. WHEELER & Co., of Belfast:—

Guinness Stout, Quarts	per dozen Rs.	5	9
Do. Pints	,, ,,	3	9
Bass' Ale Quarts	,, ,,	5	10
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Champagne Cider	,, ,,	5	0
Phosphogene	,, ,,	4	6
Raspberry Vinegar Cordial	,, ,,	11	11
Cinnamon Cordial	,, ,,	11	11
Lime Juice Syrup	,, ,,	11	11
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Do. Pints	,, ,,	3	10

All in splendid condition. Apply at Godown No. 12, Romjee-street, Elphinstone Circle, next door to Rustomjee Cowasjee Company's Godown, for not less than one dozen of any of the above.

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Heidsieck's Dry Monopole ...Per doz. Rs.	55 0	Rs. 29 0
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Laubenheimer ..... Per doz.	16 0	9 0
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Opposite the Polo and Cricket Ground and next the Gymkhana.
With a splendid view of the Sea and Malabar Hill.
THIS Hotel has been lately enlarged and contains first-class accommodation for Visitors and Boarders. Comfort, Cleanliness and Civility.
TERMS MODERATE.
The Hotel being a detached building possesses every advantage.

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CHEAP ICE, CHEAP ICE.
THE above Company have commenced to produce Ice of Filtered Velar Water at their Factory, opposite Sir J. J. Hospital, and Ice can now be obtained at the rate of
3 pice per lb. retail,
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CHIEF DEPOT Factory, opposite Sir J. J. Hospital.
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NOTICE is hereby given that the EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company HELD and ADJOURNED on TUESDAY, the 4th day of November, 1884, will be RESUMED on SATURDAY, the 15th day of November, 1884, at 3-30 p. m., at the registered Office of the Company, situate in Rombay-row, Bombay, for the purpose of passing the Special Resolution already advertised and proposed by the Chairman at the meeting adjourned as above stated.
By order of the Board of Directors for
THE Gordon Mills, Limited,
L. PETIT, SONS & Co.,
Bombay, 7th Nov., 1884. Agents.

CAWNPORE-ACHNERA STATE RAILWAY.
THE public are ... that on and from the 10th instant ... to a REVISED TIME ... at the principal Cla...

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The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,, 8,000,000
LUBECK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY	,, 5,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY "INSULIDE," CAPITAL	,, 2,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, CAPITAL	,, 3,750,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Rs. 2,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,, 3,000,000

FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED, who can offer ALL FACILITIES and MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS. CLAIMS PROMPTLY SETTLED IN BOMBAY. Rates and other particulars can be obtained on application
VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents.

ADVANTAGES OF ASSURING WITH THE ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE.
All that Experience has proved Practicable and Prudent in the Modern System of Life Assurance can be obtained with perfect safety,
COMBINED with the following
FIVE NEW AND IMPORTANT FEATURES,
Not granted by any other Company whatever:—
1. Policy-holders can Vote at Meetings.
2. Amalgamations impossible.
3. Funds in Government Securities only, and remain in India.
4. Native Lives assured at European Rates.
5. Premiums reduced to English Rates from date of leaving any Port in India, Ceylon or China.

NEW BUSINESS DURING 1883:
1,670 PROPOSALS for ..... Rs. 53,72,450.

ANNUAL PREMIUM FOR ASSURANCE OF Rs. 1000 UNDER NEW SYSTEM.

Age.	30	35	40
Premium ...	Rs. a. p. 21 5 4	Rs. a. p. 24 8 8	Rs. a. p. 28 10 0	Rs. a. p. 33 14 8

Lower Safe Rates than any other Office.
6. Company young, and therefore free from Old Liabilities; and Conditions liberalised.
7. Premiums can be paid Yearly, Half-Yearly, Quarterly, Monthly, or for a Limited Number of Years.
8. CLAIMS PAID ONE MONTH AFTER PROOF OF DEATH.
9. Liberal Surrender Value of 35 per cent.
10. Policies in the Form of Promissory Notes.
11. Entire Direction in India.
12. The Most Economical Management.
13. Monthly Audit by two Members.
14. Lapsed Policies Revived without Fine.
15. Policy-holders can appoint their own Trustees, Auditors, or Consulting Actuary.
16. Medical Examinations arranged anywhere to suit Assurers.
17. No Restriction on Travel.
18. Suicide does not cause a Forfeiture of Policies after they are One Year in force.
19. Policies in favour of Wife or Children are by law protected from Demands of Creditors.
20. 80 per cent. of Premia invested in Trust for Policy-holders with the Official Trustee, Bombay.

"THE ORIENTAL," BY ITS CAREFUL AND ... MANAGEMENT, IS RAPIDLY GAINING THE ... OF THE NATIVE COMMUNITY.
Intending Assurers or Investors—European—are invited to call ... Conditions of the "Oriental" ... other Company.
Detailed Prospectus, ... Forms, Reports ... application to
D. McLAREN,
HEAD OFFICE, ...
Or at ...